

Information in the US-CERT Cyber Security Bulletin is a compilation and includes information published by outside sources, therefore the information should not be considered the result of US-CERT analysis. Software vulnerabilities are categorized in the appropriate section reflecting the operating system on which the vulnerability was reported; however, this does not mean that the vulnerability only affects the operating system reported since this information is obtained from open-source information.

This bulletin provides a summary of new or updated vulnerabilities, exploits, trends, viruses, and trojans. **Updates to vulnerabilities that appeared in previous bulletins are listed in bold text.** The text in the Risk column appears in red for vulnerabilities ranking **High**. The risks levels applied to vulnerabilities in the Cyber Security Bulletin are based on how the "system" may be impacted. The Recent Exploit/Technique table contains a "Workaround or Patch Available" column that indicates whether a workaround or patch has been published for the vulnerability which the script exploits.

Vulnerabilities

- Windows Operating Systems
  - [Absolute Shopping Package Solutions Shopping Cart Cross-Site Scripting](#)
  - [A-FAQ SQL Injection](#)
  - [ASP Resources Forum SQL Injection](#)
  - [Cisco Security Agent Elevated Privileges](#)
  - [Citrix MetaFrame Secure Access Manager and NFuse Elite Cross-Site Scripting](#)
  - [IISWorks ASPKnowledgeBase Cross-Site Scripting](#)
  - [MyTemplateSite Cross-Site Scripting](#)
  - [Ipswitch IMailMailEnable Denial of Service](#)
  - [MailEnable Denial of Service](#)
  - [Microsoft Internet Explorer Information Disclosure](#)
  - [Microsoft Windows CreateRemoteThread Denial of Service](#)
  - [NetAuctionHelp Auction Software Cross-Site Scripting](#)
  - [rwAuction Pro Cross-Site Scripting](#)
  - [SiteBeater MP3 Catalog Cross-Site Scripting](#)
  - [SiteBeater News System Cross-Site Scripting](#)
  - [Solupress News Cross-Site Scripting](#)
  - [pcAnywhere Authentication Denial of Service Vulnerability](#)
  - [XcClassified Cross-Site Scripting](#)
  - [XcPhotoAlbum Cross-Site Scripting](#)
- UNIX / Linux Operating Systems
  - [Appfluent Technology Database IDS Buffer Overflow](#)
  - [Astaro Security Linux ISAKMP IKE Traffic Denial of Service](#)
  - [cURL / libcurl URL Parser Buffer Overflow](#)
  - [Easy Search System Cross-Site Scripting](#)
  - [Edgewall Trac SQL Injection](#)
  - [Edgewall Software Trac Search Module SQL Injection](#)
  - **[GNU Mailman Attachment Scrubber UTF8 Filename Remote Denial of Service \(Updated\)](#)**
  - [HP-UX Unspecified IPSec Unauthorized Remote Access](#)
  - **[HP-UX ICMP PMTUD Remote Denial of Service \(Updated\)](#)**
  - [IBM AIX UMountALL Unspecified Absolute Path Security](#)
  - **[IPsec-Tools ISAKMP IKE Remote Denial of Service \(Updated\)](#)**
  - **[PNMTOPNG Remote Buffer Overflow \(Updated\)](#)**
  - **[Mozilla Firefox Multiple Vulnerabilities \(Updated\)](#)**
  - [Multiple Vendors Xpdf Buffer Overflows](#)
  - **[Multiple Vendors GNU gump3d Insecure Temporary File Creation & Directory Traversal \(Updated\)](#)**
  - **[Multiple Vendors Linux Kernel IPV6 Denial of Service \(Updated\)](#)**
  - [PHPMYAdmin Multiple Cross-Site Scripting](#)
  - **[Multiple Vendors Linux Kernel 64 Bit PTrace Kernel Memory Access \(Updated\)](#)**
  - **[Multiple Vendors Linux Kernel XFRM Array Index Buffer Overflow \(Updated\)](#)**
  - [Multiple Vendors Linux Kernel do\\_coredump Denial of Service](#)
  - **[Linux Kernel ZLib Null Pointer Dereference Denial of Service \(Updated\)](#)**
  - **[GTK+ GdkPixbuf XPM Image Rendering Library \(Updated\)](#)**
  - **[Multiple Vendors GNUP3d Cross-Site Scripting or Directory Traversal \(Updated\)](#)**
  - **[Multiple Vendors GNU gump3d Unspecified Cross-Site Scripting \(Updated\)](#)**
  - **[Multiple Vendors Linux Kernel Netfilter Memory Leak Denial of Service \(Updated\)](#)**
  - **[Multiple Vendor Linux Kernel pktcdvd & raw device Block Device \(Updated\)](#)**
  - **[Multiple Vendors Linux Kernel SYSFS Write File Local Integer Overflow \(Updated\)](#)**
  - **[Multiple Vendors Linux Kernel Radonet Open Source Environment \(ROSE\) ndigis Input Validation \(Updated\)](#)**
  - **[Multiple Vendors Linux Kernel SCSI IOCTL Integer Overflow \(Updated\)](#)**
  - **[Multiple Vendors Linux Kernel Multiple Vulnerabilities \(Updated\)](#)**
  - [Multiple Vendors Linux Kernel File Lock Lease Local Denial of Service](#)
  - **[Multiple Vendors Linux Kernel EXT2/EXT3 File Access Bypass \(Updated\)](#)**
  - **[Multiple Vendors Linux Kernel 'Ipt\\_recent' Remote Denial of Service \(Updated\)](#)**
  - **[Multiple Vendors Linux Kernel Buffer Overflow, Information Disclosure, & Denial of Service \(Updated\)](#)**
  - **[Multiple Vendors Linux Kernel IPSec Policies Authorization Bypass \(Updated\)](#)**
  - **[Multiple Vendors Linux Kernel Denial of Service \(Updated\)](#)**
  - **[Multiple Vendors Linux Kernel Remote Denial of Service \(Updated\)](#)**

- [Multiple Vendors Linux Kernel routing\\_ioctl\(\) Denial of Service \(Updated\)](#)
- [Multiple Vendors Linux Kernel Denial of Service & Information Disclosure \(Updated\)](#)
- [Multiple Vendors Linux Kernel USB Subsystem Denials of Service \(Updated\)](#)
- [Multiple Vendors Linux Kernel Denials of Service](#)
- [Multiple Vendors Linux Kernel Console Keymap Arbitrary Command Injection \(Updated\)](#)
- [Multiple Vendors Linux Kernel PTrace 'CLONE\\_THREAD' Denial of Service \(Updated\)](#)
- [Multiple Vendors Linux Kernel PTraced Denial of Service \(Updated\)](#)
- [Multiple Vendors Linux Kernel Management Denials of Service \(Updated\)](#)
- [Multiple Vendors Linux Kernel World Writable SYSFS Information Disclosure \(Updated\)](#)
- [Multiple Vendors SpamAssassin Spam Detection Bypass \(Updated\)](#)
- [Multiple Vendors Linux Kernel IPv6 FlowLabel Denial of Service](#)
- [Multiple Vendors Linux Kernel POSIX Timer Cleanup Handling Local Denial of Service](#)
- [Multiple Vendors Kerberos V5 Multiple Vulnerabilities \(Updated\)](#)
- [Multiple Vendors Linux Kernel SNMP Handler Remote Denial of Service \(Updated\)](#)
- [Multiple Vendors Linux Kernel Resource Leak Denial of Service \(Updated\)](#)
- [Multiple Vendors Linux Kernel ISO File System Remote Denial of Service \(Updated\)](#)
- [Linux Kernel ZLib Invalid Memory Access Denial of Service \(Updated\)](#)
- [Multiple Vendors Linux Kernel SCSI ProcFS Denial of Service \(Updated\)](#)
- [Multiple Vendors Apache MPM 'Worker.C' Remote Denial of Service](#)
- [Multiple Vendors NetPBM PNMTOPNG Remote Buffer Overflow \(Updated\)](#)
- [Multiple Vendors Linux Kernel Information Disclosure \(Updated\)](#)
- [Multiple Vendors Perl 'miniserv.pl' script Format String \(Updated\)](#)
- [Opera Web Browser Arbitrary Command Execution \(Updated\)](#)
- [PHPMYAdmin Cross-Site Scripting \(Updated\)](#)
- [PHPMYAdmin 'Import\\_Blacklist' Variable Overwrite](#)
- [phpMyAdmin Local File Inclusion & Cross-Site Scripting \(Updated\)](#)
- [SAMEDIA Landshop Multiple SQL Injection](#)
- [Sun Communications Services Delegated Administrator Default Password Disclosure](#)
- [SUSE Linux Squid Proxy SSL Handling Remote Denial of Service](#)
- [Sylpheed LDIF Import Buffer Overflow \(Updated\)](#)
- [Open Motif libUil Buffer Overflows](#)
- [UW-imapd Denial of Service and Arbitrary Code Execution \(Updated\)](#)
- [Multiple Operating Systems](#)
  - [1-Script 1-Search Cross-Site Scripting](#)
  - [88Scripts Event Calendar Index.PHP SQL Injection](#)
  - [Alisveristr E- Multiple SQL Injection](#)
  - [FileLister Cross-Site Scripting](#)
  - [Apple Quicktime/iTunes Heap Overflow](#)
  - [Atlantis Knowledge Base Software SQL Injection](#)
  - [Atlassian Confluence Cross-Site Scripting](#)
  - [Avaya TN2602AP IP Media Resource 320 Remote Denial of Service](#)
  - [Check Point VPN-1 SecureClient Policy Bypass](#)
  - [Cisco IPsec IKE Traffic Remote Denial of Service \(Updated\)](#)
  - [Cisco IOS HTTP Service HTML Injection \(Updated\)](#)
  - [DoceboLMS Directory Traversal & File Upload](#)
  - [DotClear SQL Injection](#)
  - [Drupal Multiple Vulnerabilities](#)
  - [DuWare DuPortalPro Cross-Site Scripting](#)
  - [e107 Website System Redirection & Voting Manipulation](#)
  - [eFiction Input Validation \(Updated\)](#)
  - [Extreme Corporate Cross-Site Scripting](#)
  - [FAQRing SQL Injection](#)
  - [FastJar Archive Extraction Directory Traversal](#)
  - [FFmpeg Remote Buffer Overflow](#)
  - [PHPYellowTM Multiple SQL Injection](#)
  - [Hobosworld HobSR Multiple SQL Injection](#)
  - [Horde IMP Email Attachments HTML Injection](#)
  - [Horde Error Message Cross-Site Scripting \(Updated\)](#)
  - [Inkscape 'ps2epsi.sh' Insecure Temporary File \(Updated\)](#)
  - [Instant Photo Gallery SQL Injection](#)
  - [Java Search Engine Cross-Site Scripting](#)
  - [Mambo Open Source Remote File Include \(Updated\)](#)
  - [MediaWiki User Language Remote Code Execution](#)
  - [Mr CGI Guy Multiple Software Search.CGI Cross-Site Scripting](#)
  - [Multiple Vendor BIOS Password Persistence Weakness](#)
  - [Multiple Vendors Inkscape SVG Image Buffer Overflow \(Updated\)](#)
  - [Multiple Vendors Lynx URI Handlers Arbitrary Command Execution \(Updated\)](#)
  - [Multiple Vendors Telnet Client 'slc\\_add\\_reply\(\)' & 'env\\_opt\\_add\(\)' Buffer Overflows \(Updated\)](#)
  - [Multiple Vendors IPsec ESP Packet Modification \(Updated\)](#)
  - [Multiple Vendors PHP Group Exif Module Remote Denial of Service \(Updated\)](#)
  - [Multiple Vendors Lynx 'HTrjis\(\)' NNTP Remote Buffer Overflow \(Updated\)](#)
  - [MultiTech MultiVOIP Remote Buffer Overflow](#)
  - [MXChange Unspecified Cross-Site Scripting & SQL Injection](#)

- [MySQL User-Defined Function Buffer Overflow \(Updated\)](#)
- [NetArt Media Blog System Multiple SQL Injection](#)
- [Cars Portal Multiple SQL Injection](#)
- [Nodezilla Information Disclosure](#)
- [O-Kiraku Nikki SQL Injection](#)
- [PHP Multiple Vulnerabilities \(Updated\)](#)
- [PHP-Fusion SQL Injection](#)
- [PHPMyAdmin HTTP Response Splitting \(Updated\)](#)
- [PHPMyChat Multiple Cross-Site Scripting](#)
- [PHPX SQL Injection](#)
- [Pineapple Technologies Lore SQL Injection](#)
- [PluggedOut Nexus SQL Injection & Cross-Site Scripting](#)
- [PluggedOut Blog SQL Injection](#)
- [QualityEBiz Quality PPC Cross-Site Scripting](#)
- [Quicksilver Forums SQL Injection](#)
- [Real Networks RealPlayer Unspecified Remote Code Execution](#)
- [Relative Real Estate Systems SQL Injection](#)
- [SAPID CMS Authentication Bypass](#)
- [NetClassifieds Products Multiple SQL Injection](#)
- [Sobexsrv Dosyslog Remote Format String](#)
- [Sony SunnComm MediaMax Insecure Directory Permissions](#)
- [phpWordPress SQL Injection \(Updated\)](#)
- [SugarCRM Sugar Suite Remote & Local File Include](#)
- [Sun Java Runtime Environment Security Bypass \(Updated\)](#)
- [Sun Java System Application Server Reverse SSL Proxy Plug-in Man-In-The-Middle](#)
- [Tradesoft CMS Multiple SQL Injection](#)
- [PHPForumPro Multiple SQL Injection](#)
- [W3C Libwww Multiple Unspecified Vulnerabilities \(Updated\)](#)
- [WebCalendar HTTP Response Splitting](#)
- [Web4Future Affiliate Manager PRO SQL Injection](#)
- [Web4Future eDating Professional SQL Injection](#)
- [Web4Future Portal Solutions Information Disclosure & SQL Injection](#)
- [WebCalendar SQL Injection & File Overwrite \(Updated\)](#)
- [Widget Press Widget Property SQL Injection](#)
- [WinEggDropShell Multiple Remote Buffer Overflows](#)
- [WSN Knowledge Base Multiple SQL Injection](#)
- [Xaraya Directory Traversal \(Updated\)](#)
- [Zen Cart SQL Injection](#)

[Wireless](#)

[Recent Exploit Scripts/Techniques](#)

[Trends](#)

[Viruses/Trojans](#)

## Vulnerabilities

The table below summarizes vulnerabilities that have been identified, even if they are not being exploited. Complete details about patches or workarounds are available from the source of the information or from the URL provided in the section. CVE numbers are listed where applicable. Vulnerabilities that affect **both** Windows and Unix Operating Systems are included in the [Multiple Operating Systems](#) section.

*Note: All the information included in the following tables has been discussed in newsgroups and on web sites.*

**The Risk levels defined below are based on how the system may be impacted:**

*Note: Even though a vulnerability may allow several malicious acts to be performed, only the highest level risk will be defined in the Risk column.*

- **High** - A high-risk vulnerability is defined as one that will allow an intruder to immediately gain privileged access (e.g., sysadmin or root) to the system or allow an intruder to execute code or alter arbitrary system files. An example of a high-risk vulnerability is one that allows an unauthorized user to send a sequence of instructions to a machine and the machine responds with a command prompt with administrator privileges.
- **Medium** - A medium-risk vulnerability is defined as one that will allow an intruder immediate access to a system with less than privileged access. Such vulnerability will allow the intruder the opportunity to continue the attempt to gain privileged access. An example of medium-risk vulnerability is a server configuration error that allows an intruder to capture the password file.
- **Low** - A low-risk vulnerability is defined as one that will provide information to an intruder that could lead to further compromise attempts or a Denial of Service (DoS) attack. It should be noted that while the DoS attack is deemed low from a threat potential, the frequency of this type of attack is very high. DoS attacks against mission-critical nodes are not included in this rating and any attack of this nature should instead be considered to be a "High" threat.

Windows Operating Systems Only				
Vendor & Software Name	Vulnerability - Impact Patches - Workarounds Attack Scripts	Common Name / CVE Reference	Risk	Source

Absolute Shopping Package Solutions  Shopping Cart Professional 2.9d, Lite 2.1	<p>Multiple vulnerabilities have been reported in Shopping Cart that could let remote malicious users conduct Cross-Site Scripting or execute arbitrary code.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required; however, a Proof of Concept exploit script has been published.</p>	Absolute Shopping Package Solutions Shopping Cart Cross-Site Scripting  <a href="#">CVE-2005-4003</a>	High	Security Focus, ID: 15694, December 3, 2005
Alan Ward  A-FAQ 1.0	<p>Multiple vulnerabilities have been reported in A-FAQ that could let remote malicious users perform SQL injection.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required; however, a Proof of Concept exploit script has been published.</p>	A-FAQ SQL Injection  <a href="#">CVE-2005-4064</a>	Medium	Security Focus, ID: 15741, December 6, 2005
ASP-DEV  ASP Resources Forum	<p>An input validation vulnerability has been reported in ASP Resources Forum that could let remote malicious users perform SQL Injection.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required; however, a Proof of Concept exploit script has been published.</p>	ASP Resources Forum SQL Injection	Medium	Security Tracker, Alert ID: 1015316, December 6, 2005
Cisco  Cisco Security Agent 4.5.0, 4.5.1	<p>A vulnerability has been reported in Cisco Security Agent that could let local malicious users obtain elevated privileges.</p> <p>A vendor solution is available: <a href="http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sa-20051129-csa.shtml">http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sa-20051129-csa.shtml</a></p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.</p>	Cisco Security Agent Elevated Privileges  <a href="#">CVE-2005-3886</a>	Medium	Cisco, Security Advisory cisco-sa-20051129-csa, November 29, 2005
Citrix Systems  Citrix MetaFrame Secure Access Manager 2.0 to 2.2, Citrix NFuse Elite 1.0	<p>An input validation vulnerability has been reported in Citrix MetaFrame Secure Access Manager that could let remote malicious users conduct Cross-Site Scripting.</p> <p>A vendor solution is available: <a href="http://support.citrix.com/article/CTX108208">http://support.citrix.com/article/CTX108208</a></p> <p>There is no exploit code required.</p>	Citrix MetaFrame Secure Access Manager and NFuse Elite Cross-Site Scripting  <a href="#">CVE-2005-3971</a>	Medium	Citrix, CTX108208, November 29, 2005
IISWorks  ASPKnowledgeBase	<p>A vulnerability has been reported in ASPKnowledgeBase that could let remote malicious users perform Cross-Site Scripting.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required; however, a Proof of Concept exploit script has been published.</p>	IISWorks ASPKnowledge Base Cross-Site Scripting  <a href="#">CVE-2005-4047</a>	Medium	Security Focus, ID: 15734, December 6, 2005
infinetSoftware  MyTemplateSite 1.2 and prior	<p>A vulnerability has been reported in MyTemplateSite ('search.asp'), that could let remote malicious users conduct Cross-Site Scripting.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required.</p>	MyTemplateSite Cross-Site Scripting  <a href="#">CVE-2005-4004</a>	Medium	Security Focus, ID: 15693, December 3, 2005
IPswitch  IMail Server 8.20, Collaboration Suite 2.0	<p>Multiple vulnerabilities have been reported in IMail Server and Collaboration Suite that could let remote malicious users cause a Denial of Service or execute arbitrary code.</p> <p>A vendor solution is available: IMail Server: <a href="http://www.ipswitch.com/support/imap/releases/imap_professional/im822.asp">http://www.ipswitch.com/support/imap/releases/imap_professional/im822.asp</a></p> <p>Collaboration Suite <a href="http://www.ipswitch.com/support/ics/updates/ics202.asp">http://www.ipswitch.com/support/ics/updates/ics202.asp</a></p> <p>There is no exploit code required.</p>	Ipswitch IMail Server IMAP and SMTP Service Two Vulnerabilities  <a href="#">CVE-2005-2923</a> <a href="#">CVE-2005-2931</a>	High	Security Focus, ID: 15752, 15753, December 6, 2005

MailEnable Professional 1.6, Enterprise 1.1	<p>A vulnerability has been reported in MailEnable that could let remote malicious users cause a Denial of Service.</p> <p>A vendor solution is available:  <a href="http://www.mailenable.com/hotfix/">http://www.mailenable.com/hotfix/</a></p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.</p>	MailEnable Denial of Service  <a href="#">CVE-2005-3993</a>	Low	Secunia, Advisory: SA17820, December 2, 2005
Microsoft Internet Explorer 6.0	<p>A vulnerability has been reported in Internet Explorer that could let remote malicious users disclose information. Specifically, importing CSS files may allow for cross domain security restriction bypassing.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>A Proof of Concept exploit script has been published.</p>	Microsoft Internet Explorer Information Disclosure  <a href="#">CVE-2005-4089</a>	Medium	Security Focus, ID: 15660, December 01, 2005
Microsoft Windows	<p>A vulnerability has been reported in Windows that could let local malicious users perform a Denial of Service. <i>NOTE: This issue has been disputed by third parties.</i></p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>An exploit has been published.</p>	Microsoft Windows CreateRemote Thread Denial of Service  <a href="#">CVE-2005-3981</a>	Low	Security Focus, ID: 15671, December 01, 2005
NetAuctionHelp Auction Software 3.0 and prior	<p>Multiple vulnerabilities have been reported in NetAuctionHelp Auction Software that could let remote malicious users perform Cross-Site Scripting.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required; however, a Proof of Concept exploit script has been published.</p>	NetAuctionHelp Auction Software Cross-Site Scripting  <a href="#">CVE-2005-4063</a>	Medium	Security Focus, ID: 15737, December 6, 2005
RainWorx rwAuctionPro 4.0 and prior	<p>A vulnerability has been reported in rwAuctionPro that could let remote malicious users perform Cross-Site Scripting.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required; however, a Proof of Concept exploit script has been published.</p>	rwAuction Pro Cross-Site Scripting  <a href="#">CVE-2005-4060</a>	Medium	Secunia Advisory: SA17905, December 6, 2005
SiteBeater SiteBeater MP3 Catalog 2.0.3 and prior	<p>A vulnerability has been reported in SiteBeater MP3 Catalog ('search.asp'), that could let remote malicious users conduct Cross-Site Scripting.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required.</p>	SiteBeater MP3 Catalog Cross-Site Scripting  <a href="#">CVE-2005-3999</a> <a href="#">CVE-2005-4000</a>	Medium	Secunia, Advisory: SA17856, December 5, 2005
SiteBeater SiteBeater News System 4.0 and prior	<p>A vulnerability has been reported in SiteBeater News System (archive.asp), that could let remote malicious users conduct Cross-Site Scripting.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required; however, a Proof of Concept exploit script has been published.</p>	SiteBeater News System Cross-Site Scripting  <a href="#">CVE-2005-4000</a>	Medium	Secunia, Advisory: SA17857, December 5, 2005
Soulpress News 1.0 and prior	<p>A vulnerability has been reported in Soulpress News ('search.asp'), that could let remote malicious users conduct Cross-Site Scripting.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required; however, a Proof of Concept exploit script has been published.</p>	Solupress News Cross-Site Scripting  <a href="#">CVE-2005-3998</a>	Medium	Secunia, Advisory: SA17854, December 5, 2005
Symantec pcAnywhere 11.5.1, 11.5 and prior	<p>A vulnerability has been reported in pcAnywhere the could let remote malicious users perform a Denial of Service.</p> <p>A vendor solution is available:  <a href="http://www.symantec.com/avcenter/security/Content/2005.11.29.html">http://www.symantec.com/avcenter/security/Content/2005.11.29.html</a></p>	pcAnywhere Authentication Denial of Service Vulnerability  <a href="#">CVE-2005-3934</a>	Low	Symantec, SYM05-026, November 29, 2005



	Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.			
XCent XcClassified 3.0 and prior	A vulnerability has been reported in XcClassified that could let remote malicious users perform Cross-Site Scripting.  No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.  There is no exploit code required.	XcClassified Cross-Site Scripting  <a href="#">CVE-2005-4062</a>	Medium	Secunia Advisory: SA17903, December 6, 2005
XCent XcPhotoAlbum 1.0	A vulnerability has been reported in XcPhotoAlbum that could let remote malicious users perform Cross-Site Scripting.  No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.  There is no exploit code required.	XcPhotoAlbum Cross-Site Scripting  <a href="#">CVE-2005-4061</a>	Medium	Secunia Advisory: SA17904, December 6, 2005

[\[back to top\]](#)

UNIX / Linux Operating Systems Only				
Vendor & Software Name	Vulnerability - Impact Patches - Workarounds Attack Scripts	Common Name / CVE Reference	Risk	Source
Appfluent Technology Database IDS 2.0	A buffer overflow vulnerability has been reported in the 'APPFLUENT_HOME' environment variable when handling a malformed value, which could let a malicious user execute arbitrary code.  No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.  An exploit script has been published.	Appfluent Technology Database IDS Buffer Overflow  <a href="#">CVE-2005-4076</a>	High	Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15755, December 7, 2005
Astaro Internet Security Astaro Security Linux 6.1 01, 6.0 02, 6.0 01	A remote Denial of Service vulnerability has been reported when handling malformed IKE traffic.  Updates available at: <a href="http://www.astaro.org/showflat.php?Cat=&amp;Number=63958&amp;page=0&amp;view=collapsed&amp;sb=5&amp;o=&amp;fpart=1#63958">http://www.astaro.org/showflat.php?Cat=&amp;Number=63958&amp;page=0&amp;view=collapsed&amp;sb=5&amp;o=&amp;fpart=1#63958</a>  Vulnerability can be reproduced using the PROTONS ISAKMP Test Suite.	Astaro Security Linux ISAKMP IKE Traffic Denial of Service  <a href="#">CVE-2005-3985</a>	Low	Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15666, December 1, 2005
Daniel Stenberg curl 7.12-7.15, 7.11.2	A buffer overflow vulnerability has been reported due to insufficient bounds checks on user-supplied data before using in a finite sized buffer, which could let a local/remote malicious user execute arbitrary code.  Upgrades available at: <a href="http://curl.haxx.se/download/curl-7.15.1.tar.gz">http://curl.haxx.se/download/curl-7.15.1.tar.gz</a>  Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.	cURL / libCURL URL Parser Buffer Overflow  <a href="#">CVE-2005-4077</a>	High	Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15756, December 7, 2005
Easy Search System Easy Search System 1.1	A Cross-Site Scripting vulnerability has been reported in 'search.cgi' due to insufficient sanitization of the 'q' parameter before returning to the user, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary HTML and script code.  No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.  There is no exploit code required; however a Proof of Concept exploit has been published.	Easy Search System Cross-Site Scripting  <a href="#">CVE-2005-4032</a>	Medium	Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15705, December 5, 2005
Edgewall Software Trac 0.9	An SQL injection vulnerability has been reported in the ticket query module due to insufficient sanitization of the 'group' parameter before using in an SQL query, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary SQL code.  Upgrade available at: <a href="http://projects.edgewall.com/trac/wiki/TracDownload">http://projects.edgewall.com/trac/wiki/TracDownload</a>  There is no exploit code required; however, a Proof of Concept exploit script has been published.	Edgewall Trac SQL Injection  <a href="#">CVE-2005-3980</a>	Medium	Security Tracker Alert ID: 1015302, December 1, 2005

Edgewall Software Trac 0.9.1, 0.9, 0.8.1- 0.8.4, 0.7.1	<p>An SQL injection vulnerability has been reported in the search module due to insufficient sanitization of user-supplied input before using in an SQL query, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary SQL code.</p> <p>Upgrades available at:  <a href="http://ftp.edgewall.com/pub/trac/trac-0.9.2.tar.gz">http://ftp.edgewall.com/pub/trac/trac-0.9.2.tar.gz</a></p> <p>There is no exploit code required; however, a Proof of Concept exploit has been published.</p>	Edgewall Software Trac Search Module SQL Injection  <a href="#">CVE-2005-4065</a>	Medium	Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15720, December 5, 2005
GNU Mailman 2.1-2.1.5, 2.0-2.0.14	<p>A remote Denial of Service vulnerability has been reported in 'Scrubber.py' due to a failure to handle exception conditions when Python fails to process an email file attachment that contains utf8 characters in its filename.</p> <p><b>Mandriva:</b>  <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a></p> <p>There is no exploit code required.</p>	GNU Mailman Attachment Scrubber UTF8 Filename Remote Denial of Service  <a href="#">CVE-2005-3573</a>	Low	<p>Secunia Advisory: SA17511, November 14, 2005</p> <p><b>Mandriva Linux Security Advisory, MDKSA-2005:222, December 2, 2005</b></p>
Hewlett Packard Company HP-UX B.11.23, B.11.11, B.11.00	<p>An unspecified vulnerability has been reported when IPSEC is running, which could let a remote malicious user obtain unauthorized access.</p> <p>Update information available at:  <a href="http://www.securityfocus.com/advisories/9812">http://www.securityfocus.com/advisories/9812</a></p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.</p>	HP-UX Unspecified IPsec Unauthorized Remote Access  <a href="#">CVE-2005-4090</a>	Medium	HP Security Bulletin, HPSBUX02082, December 7, 2005
Hewlett Packard Company HP-UX B.11.23, B.11.22, B.11.11, B.11.04, B.11.00	<p>A remote Denial of Service vulnerability has been reported in the Path MTU Discovery (PMTUD) functionality that is supported in the ICMP protocol.</p> <p>Patches available at:  <a href="http://www1.itrc.hp.com/service/cki/docDisplay.do?docId=HPSBUX01137">http://www1.itrc.hp.com/service/cki/docDisplay.do?docId=HPSBUX01137</a></p> <p>Revision 2: The binary files of HPSBUX01164 will resolve the issue for the core TCP/IP in B.11.11, B.11.22, and B.11.23. The binary files of HPSBUX01164 will resolve NOT resolve the issue for IPsec. B.11.00 and B.11.04 are NOT vulnerable. The recommended workaround is to modify /etc/rc.config.d/nddconf and reboot.</p> <p>Rev 3: PHNE_33159 is available for B.11.11.</p> <p>Avaya:  <a href="http://support.avaya.com/elmodocs2/security/ASA-2005-160.pdf">http://support.avaya.com/elmodocs2/security/ASA-2005-160.pdf</a></p> <p>Rev 4: PHNE_32606 is available for B.11.23.</p> <p><b>Rev 6: IPsec revisions available.</b></p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.</p>	HP-UX ICMP PMTUD Remote Denial of Service  <a href="#">CVE-2005-1192</a>	Low	<p>Hewlett Packard Company Security Advisory, HPSBUX 01137, April 24, 2005</p> <p>Hewlett Packard Company Security Advisory, HPSBUX 01137: SSRT5954 rev.1, May 25, 2005</p> <p>Hewlett Packard Company Security Advisory, HPSBUX 01137: SSRT5954 rev.2, June 1, 2005</p> <p>Avaya Security Bulletin, ASA-2005-160, July 15, 2005</p> <p>HP Security Bulletin, HPSBUX0 1137 rev 4, July 19, 2005</p> <p><b>HP Security Bulletin, HPSBUX0 1137 rev 6, December 5, 2005</b></p>
IBM AIX 5.1-5.3	<p>A vulnerability has been reported in the 'umountall' command due to an unspecified error with regards to the absolute path. The impact was not specified.</p> <p>Updates available at:  <a href="http://www-1.ibm.com/servers/eserver/support/pseries/aixfixes.html">http://www-1.ibm.com/servers/eserver/support/pseries/aixfixes.html</a></p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.</p>	IBM AIX UMOUNTALL Unspecified Absolute Path Security  <a href="#">CVE-2005-4068</a>	Not Specified	Secunia Advisory: SA17924, December 7, 2005
IPsec-Tools IPsec-Tools0.6-0.6.2, 0.5-0.5.2	<p>A remote Denial of Service vulnerability has been reported due to a failure to handle exceptional conditions when in 'AGGRESSIVE' mode.</p> <p>Upgrades available at:  <a href="http://prdownloads.sourceforge.net">http://prdownloads.sourceforge.net</a></p>	IPsec-Tools ISAKMP IKE Remote Denial of Service	Low	<p>Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15523, November 22, 2005</p> <p><b>Ubuntu Security Notice, USN-221-1, December</b></p>

	<p><a href="http://net/ipsec-tools/ipsec-tools-0.6.3.tar.bz2?download">net/ipsec-tools/ipsec-tools-0.6.3.tar.bz2?download</a></p> <p><b>Ubuntu:</b>  <a href="http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/i/ipsec-tools/">http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/i/ipsec-tools/</a></p> <p>Vulnerability can be reproduced with the PROTOS IPSec Test Suite.</p>	<p><a href="http://CVE-2005-3732">CVE-2005-3732</a></p>	<p>01, 2005</p>
<p>libpng</p> <p>pnmtopng 2.38, 2.37.3-2.37.6</p>	<p>A buffer overflow vulnerability has been reported in 'Alpha5_Color' due to insufficient bounds checking of user-supplied data prior to copying it to an insufficiently sized memory buffer, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary code.</p> <p>Upgrades available at:  <a href="http://prdownloads.sourceforge.net/png-mng/pnmtopng-2.39.tar.gz?download">http://prdownloads.sourceforge.net/png-mng/pnmtopng-2.39.tar.gz?download</a></p> <p>Debian:  <a href="http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/n/netpbm-free/">http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/n/netpbm-free/</a></p> <p>Ubuntu:  <a href="http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/n/netpbm-free/">http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/n/netpbm-free/</a></p> <p><b>Mandriva:</b>  <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a></p> <p><b>SUSE:</b>  <a href="ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/">ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/</a></p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.</p>	<p>PNMTOPNG Remote Buffer Overflow</p> <p><a href="http://CVE-2005-3662">CVE-2005-3662</a></p>	<p>High</p> <p>Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15427, November 15, 2005</p> <p>Debian Security Advisory, DSA 904-1, November 21, 2005</p> <p>Ubuntu Security Notice, USN-218-1, November 21, 2005</p> <p><b>Mandriva Linux Security Advisory, MDKSA-2005:217, November 30, 2005</b></p> <p><b>SUSE Security Summary Report Announcement, SUSE-SR:2005:028, December 2, 2005</b></p>
<p>Mozilla.org</p> <p>Firefox 0.x, 1.x</p>	<p>Multiple vulnerabilities have been reported: a vulnerability was reported due to an error because untrusted events generated by web content are delivered to the browser user interface; a vulnerability was reported because scripts in XBL controls can be executed even when JavaScript has been disabled; a vulnerability was reported because remote malicious users can execute arbitrary code by tricking the user into using the 'Set As Wallpaper' context menu on an image URL that is really a javascript; a vulnerability was reported in the 'Install Trigger.install()' function due to an error in the callback function, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary code; a vulnerability was reported due to an error when handling 'data:' URL that originates from the sidebar, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary code; an input validation vulnerability was reported in the 'InstallVersion.compareTo()' function when handling unexpected JavaScript objects, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary code; a vulnerability was reported because it is possible for a remote malicious user to steal information and possibly execute arbitrary code by using standalone applications such as Flash and QuickTime to open a javascript: URL; a vulnerability was reported due to an error when handling DOM node names with different namespaces, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary code; and a vulnerability was reported due to insecure cloning of base objects, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary code.</p> <p>Updates available at:  <a href="http://www.mozilla.org/products/firefox/">http://www.mozilla.org/products/firefox/</a></p> <p>Gentoo:  <a href="ftp://security.gentoo.org/glsa/">ftp://security.gentoo.org/glsa/</a></p>	<p>Firefox Multiple Vulnerabilities</p> <p><a href="http://CVE-2005-2260">CVE-2005-2260</a>  <a href="http://CVE-2005-2261">CVE-2005-2261</a>  <a href="http://CVE-2005-2262">CVE-2005-2262</a>  <a href="http://CVE-2005-2263">CVE-2005-2263</a>  <a href="http://CVE-2005-2264">CVE-2005-2264</a>  <a href="http://CVE-2005-2265">CVE-2005-2265</a>  <a href="http://CVE-2005-2267">CVE-2005-2267</a>  <a href="http://CVE-2005-2269">CVE-2005-2269</a>  <a href="http://CVE-2005-2270">CVE-2005-2270</a></p>	<p>High</p> <p>Secunia Advisory: SA16043, July 13, 2005</p> <p>Mandriva Linux Security Update Advisory, MDKSA-2005:120, July 13, 2005</p> <p>Gentoo Linux Security Advisory, GLSA 200507-14, July 15, 2005</p> <p>Gentoo Linux Security Advisory, GLSA 200507-17, July 18, 2005</p> <p>Fedora Update Notifications, FEDORA-2005-603 &amp; 605, July 20, 2005</p> <p>RedHat Security Advisory, RHSA-2005:586-11, July 21, 2005</p> <p>Slackware Security Advisory, SSA:2005-203-01, July 22, 2005</p> <p><a href="http://US-CERT VU#652366">US-CERT VU#652366</a></p> <p><a href="http://US-CERT VU#996798">US-CERT VU#996798</a></p> <p>Ubuntu Security Notices, USN-155-1 &amp; 155-2 July 26 &amp; 28, 2005</p> <p>Ubuntu Security Notices, USN-157-1 &amp; 157-2 August 1 &amp; 2, 2005</p>



Mandriva:  
<http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories>

Fedora:  
<http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/core/updates>

RedHat:  
<http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-586.html>

Slackware:  
<http://slackware.com/security/viewer.php?l=slackware-security&y=2005&m=slackware-security.418880>

Ubuntu:  
<http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/e/epiphany-browser/>  
<http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/e/enigmail/>  
<http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/m/mozilla-thunderbird/>

SUSE:  
<ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/>

Debian:  
<http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/m/mozilla-firefox/>  
<http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/m/mozilla/>

SGI:  
<ftp://patches.sgi.com/support/free/security/advisories/>

Gentoo:  
<http://security.gentoo.org/glsa/glsa-200507-24.xml>

Slackware:  
<ftp://ftp.slackware.com/pub/slackware/>

Debian:  
<http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/m/mozilla-firefox/>

Debian:  
<http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/m/mozilla/>

Fedora:  
<http://download.fedoralegacy.org/fedora/>

HP:  
[http://h20000.www2.hp.com/bizsupport/TechSupport/Document.jsp?objectID=PSD\\_HPSBOV01229](http://h20000.www2.hp.com/bizsupport/TechSupport/Document.jsp?objectID=PSD_HPSBOV01229)

HP:  
<http://www.hp.com/products1/unix/>

SUSE Security Announcement,  
 SUSE-SA:2005:045,  
 August 11, 2005

Debian Security Advisory,  
 DSA 775-1, August 15, 2005

SGI Security Advisory,  
 20050802-01-U, August 15, 2005

Debian Security Advisory,  
 DSA 777-1, August 17, 2005

Debian Security Advisory,  
 DSA 779-1, August 20, 2005

Debian Security Advisory,  
 DSA 781-1, August 23, 2005

Gentoo Linux Security Advisory, GLSA 200507-24, August 26, 2005

Mandriva Linux Security Update Advisory,  
 MDKSA-2005:127-1, August 26, 2005

Slackware Security Advisory,  
 SSA:2005-085-01, August 28, 2005

Debian Security Advisory,  
 DSA 779-2, September 1, 2005

Debian Security Advisory,  
 DSA 810-1, September 13, 2005

Fedora Legacy Update Advisory, FLSA:160202, September 14, 2005

HP Security Bulletin,  
 HPSBOV01229, September 19, 2005

HP Security Bulletin,  
 HPSBUX01230, October 3, 2005

Ubuntu Security Notice,  
 USN-155-3, October 04, 2005

Sun(sm) Alert Notification  
 Sun Alert ID: 101952,  
 October 17, 2005

**SUSE Security Summary Report,  
 SUSE-SR:2005:028,  
 December 2, 2005**

	<p><a href="#">java/mozilla/index.html</a></p> <p>Ubuntu: <a href="http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/m/mozilla-locale-da/">http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/m/mozilla-locale-da/</a></p> <p>Sun: <a href="http://sunsolve.sun.com/search/document.do?assetkey=1-26-101952-1">http://sunsolve.sun.com/search/document.do?assetkey=1-26-101952-1</a></p> <p><b>SUSE:</b> <a href="ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/">ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/</a></p> <p>Exploits have been published.</p>			
<p>Multiple Vendors</p> <p>Xpdf 3.0 pl2 &amp; pl3, 3.0 1, 3.00, 2.0-2.03, 1.0 0, 1.0 0a, 0.90-0.93; RedHat Fedora Core4, Core3, Enterprise Linux WS 4, WS 3, WS 2.1 IA64, WS 2.1, ES 4, ES 3, ES 2.1 IA64, 2.1, Enterprise Linux AS 4, AS 3, 2.1 IA64, 2.1, Desktop 4.0, 3.0, Advanced Workstation for the Itanium Processor 2.1 IA64, 2.1; teTeX 2.0.1, 2.0; Poppler poppler 0.4.2; KDE kpdf 0.5, KOffice 1.4.2 ; PDFTOHTML DFTOHTML 0.36</p>	<p>Multiple vulnerabilities have been reported: a heap-based buffer overflow vulnerability was reported in the 'DCTStream::read BaselineSOF()' function in 'xpdf/Stream.cc' when copying data from a PDF file, which could let a remote malicious user potentially execute arbitrary code; a buffer overflow vulnerability was reported in the 'DCTStream::read ProgressiveSOF()' function in 'xpdf/Stream.cc' when copying data from a PDF file, which could let a remote malicious user potentially execute arbitrary code; a buffer overflow vulnerability was reported in the 'StreamPredictor::StreamPredictor()' function in 'xpdf/Stream.cc' when using the 'numComps' value to calculate the memory size, which could let a remote malicious user potentially execute arbitrary code; and a vulnerability was reported in the 'JPXStream::readCodestream()' function in 'xpdf/JPXStream.cc' when using the 'nXTiles' and 'nYTiles' values from a PDF file to copy data from the file into allocated memory, which could let a remote malicious user potentially execute arbitrary code.</p> <p>Patches available at: <a href="ftp://ftp.foolabs.com/pub/xpdf/xpdf-3.01pl1.patch">ftp://ftp.foolabs.com/pub/xpdf/xpdf-3.01pl1.patch</a></p> <p>Fedora: <a href="http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/core/updates/">http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/core/updates/</a></p> <p>RedHat: <a href="http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-840.html">http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-840.html</a></p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for these vulnerabilities.</p>	<p>Xpdf Buffer Overflows</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-3191</a> <a href="#">CVE-2005-3192</a> <a href="#">CVE-2005-3193</a></p>	<p>High</p>	<p>iDefense Security Advisory, December 5, 2005</p> <p>Fedora Update Notifications, FEDORA-2005-1121 &amp; 1122, December 6, 2005</p> <p>RedHat Security Advisory, RHSA-2005:840-5, December 6, 2005</p>

Multiple Vendors  gnump3d 2.9-2.9.7; Debian Linux 3.1, sparc, s/390, ppc, mipsel, mips, m68k, ia-64, ia-32, hppa, arm, amd64, alpha	<p>Several vulnerabilities have been reported: a vulnerability was reported in the 'index.lok' lock file when indexing music files due to the insecure creation of temporary files, which could let a remote malicious user overwrite arbitrary files; and a Directory Traversal vulnerability was reported when processing certain CGI parameters and cookie values due to an input validation error, which could let a remote malicious user obtain sensitive information.</p> <p>Update available at: <a href="http://savannah.gnu.org/download/gnump3d/">http://savannah.gnu.org/download/gnump3d/</a></p> <p>Debian: <a href="http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/g/gnump3d/">http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/g/gnump3d/</a></p> <p>Gentoo: <a href="http://security.gentoo.org/glsa/glsa-200511-16.xml">http://security.gentoo.org/glsa/glsa-200511-16.xml</a></p> <p><b>SUSE:</b> <a href="ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/">ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/</a></p> <p>There is no exploit code required.</p>	GNU gnump3d Insecure Temporary File Creation & Directory Traversal  <a href="#">CVE-2005-3349</a> <a href="#">CVE-2005-3355</a>	Medium	<p>Secunia Advisory: SA17647, November 18, 2005</p> <p>Debian Security Advisory, DSA 901-1, November 19, 2005</p> <p>Gentoo Linux Security Advisory, GLSA 200511-16, November 21, 2005</p> <p><b>SUSE Security Summary Report, SUSE-SR:2005:028, December 2, 2005</b></p>
Multiple Vendors  Linux Kernel Linux kernel 2.6- 2.6.14	<p>A Denial of Service vulnerability has been reported in 'net/ipv6/udp.c' due to an infinite loop error in the 'udp_v6_get_port()' function.</p> <p>Fedora: <a href="http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/core/updates/">http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/core/updates/</a></p> <p>Upgrades available at: <a href="http://kernel.org/pub/linux/kernel/v2.6/linux-2.6.14.tar.bz2">http://kernel.org/pub/linux/kernel/v2.6/linux-2.6.14.tar.bz2</a></p> <p>Ubuntu: <a href="http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/">http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/</a></p> <p><b>SUSE:</b> <a href="ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/">ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/</a></p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.</p>	Linux Kernel IPV6 Denial of Service  <a href="#">CVE-2005-2973</a>	Low	<p>Secunia Advisory: SA17261, October 21, 2005</p> <p>Fedora Update Notifications, FEDORA-2005-1007 &amp; 1013, October 20, 2005</p> <p>Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15156, October 31, 2005</p> <p>Ubuntu Security Notice, USN-219-1, November 22, 2005</p> <p><b>SUSE Security Announcement, SUSE-SA:2005:067, December 6, 2005</b></p>
Multiple Vendors  phpMyAdmin 2.7 .0-beta1, 2.6.4 -rc1, pl3, pl1, 2.6.3 -pl1, 2.6.2 -rc1, 2.6.2, 2.6.1 pl3, 2.6.1 pl1, 2.6.1 -rc1, 2.6.1, 2.6.0pl3, 2.6.0pl2, 2.6.0pl1, 2.5.7pl1, 2.5.7, 2.5.6 -rc1, 2.5.5 pl1, 2.5.5 -rc2, 2.5.5 -rc1, 2.5.5, phpMyAdmin phpMyAdmin 2.5 .0-2.5.4, 2.4.0, 2.3.2, 2.3.1, 2.2-2.2.6, 2.1-2.1 .2, 2.0- 2.0.5	<p>Cross-Site Scripting vulnerabilities have been reported in the 'HTTP_HOST' variable and certain scripts in the libraries directory due to insufficient sanitization before returning to the user, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary HTML and script code.</p> <p>Upgrades available at: <a href="http://prdownloads.sourceforge.net/phpmyadmin/phpMyAdmin-2.7.0.tar.gz">http://prdownloads.sourceforge.net/phpmyadmin/phpMyAdmin-2.7.0.tar.gz</a></p> <p>There is no exploit code required.</p>	PHPMyAdmin Multiple Cross-Site Scripting  <a href="#">CVE-2005-3665</a>	Medium	<p>phpMyAdmin security announcement PMASA-2005-8, December 5, 2005</p>
Multiple Vendors  SuSE Linux Enterprise Server 9, Linux 9.3 x86_64; Linux kernel 2.6.11, 2.6.8, 2.6.5	<p>A vulnerability has been reported in 'ptrace' 64-bit platforms, which could let a malicious user access kernel memory pages.</p> <p><b>SUSE:</b> <a href="ftp://ftp.SUSE.com/pub/SUSE">ftp://ftp.SUSE.com/pub/SUSE</a></p> <p>RedHat: <a href="http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-514.html">http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-514.html</a></p> <p><b>Mandriva:</b></p>	Linux Kernel 64 Bit PTrace Kernel Memory Access  <a href="#">CVE-2005-1763</a>	Medium	<p>SUSE Security Announcement, SUSE-SA:2005:029, June 9, 2005</p> <p>RedHat Security Advisory, RHSA-2005:514-46, October 5, 2005</p> <p><b>Mandriva Linux Security Advisory, MDKSA-2005:220, November 30, 2005</b></p>

	<a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a>  Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.			
Multiple Vendors  SuSE Linux Professional 9.3, x86_64, 9.2, x86_64, Linux Personal 9.3, x86_64; Linux kernel 2.6-2.6.12	A buffer overflow vulnerability has been reported in the XFRM network architecture code due to insufficient validation of user-supplied input, which could let a malicious user execute arbitrary code.  Patches available at: <a href="http://www.kernel.org/">http://www.kernel.org/</a>  Ubuntu: <a href="http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/">http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/</a>  SUSE: <a href="ftp://ftp.SUSE.com/pub/SUSE">ftp://ftp.SUSE.com/pub/SUSE</a>  RedHat: <a href="http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-663.html">http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-663.html</a>  Mandriva: <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a>  RedHat: <a href="http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-514.html">http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-514.html</a>  <b>Mandriva:</b> <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a>  Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.	Linux Kernel XFRM Array Index Buffer Overflow  <a href="#">CVE-2005-2456</a>	High	Security Focus, 14477, August 5, 2005  Ubuntu Security Notice, USN-169-1, August 19, 2005  SUSE Security Announcement, SUSE-SA:2005:050, September 1, 2005  RedHat Security Advisory, RHSA-2005:663-19, September 28, 2005  Mandriva Linux Security Update Advisory, MDKSA-2005:171, October 3, 2005  RedHat Security Advisory, RHSA-2005:514-46, October 5, 2005  <b>Mandriva Linux Security Advisories, MDKSA-2005:219 &amp; 220, November 30, 2005</b>
Multiple Vendors  SuSE Linux Professional 10.0 OSS, 10.0, Linux Personal 10.0 OSS; Linux kernel 2.6-2.6.15	A Denial of Service vulnerability has been reported due to a race condition in 'do_coredump'.  SUSE: <a href="ftp://ftp.SUSE.com/pub/SUSE">ftp://ftp.SUSE.com/pub/SUSE</a>  There is no exploit code required.	Linux Kernel do_coredump Denial of Service  <a href="#">CVE-2005-3527</a>	Low	SUSE Security Announcement, SUSE-SA:2005:067, December 6, 2005
Multiple Vendors  Trustix Secure Linux 3.0, 2.2, Secure Enterprise Linux 2.0, SuSE Novell Linux Desktop 9.0, Linux Professional 9.3 x86_64, 9.3, 9.2 x86_64, 9.2, 9.1 x86_64, 9.1, Linux Personal 9.3 x86_64, 9.3, 9.2 x86_64, 9.2, 9.1 x86_64, 9.1, Linux Enterprise Server for S/390 9.0, Linux Enterprise Server 9; 2.6-2.6.12 .4	A Denial of Service vulnerability has been reported due to a failure to handle malformed compressed files.  Upgrades available at: <a href="http://www.kernel.org/pub/linux/kernel/v2.6/linux-2.6.12.5.tar.gz">http://www.kernel.org/pub/linux/kernel/v2.6/linux-2.6.12.5.tar.gz</a>  Ubuntu: <a href="http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/">http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/</a>  SUSE: <a href="ftp://ftp.SUSE.com/pub/SUSE">ftp://ftp.SUSE.com/pub/SUSE</a>  Trustix: <a href="http://http.trustix.org/pub/trustix/updates/">http://http.trustix.org/pub/trustix/updates/</a>  Mandriva: <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a>  <b>Mandriva:</b> <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a>  Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.	Linux Kernel ZLib Null Pointer Dereference Denial of Service  <a href="#">CVE-2005-2459</a>	Low	SUSE Security Announcement, SUSE-SA:2005:050, September 1, 2005  Trustix Secure Linux Security Advisory, TLSA-2005-0043, September 2, 2005  Mandriva Linux Security Update Advisory, MDKSA-2005:171, October 3, 2005  <b>Mandriva Linux Security Advisories, MDKSA-2005:219 &amp; 220, November 30, 2005</b>

<p>Multiple Vendors</p> <p>Ubuntu Linux 5.10 powerpc, i386, amd64, 5.0 4 powerpc, i386, amd64, 4.1 ppc, ia64, ia32;</p> <p>TouchTunes Rhapsody, TouchTunes Maestro;</p> <p>SuSE UnitedLinux 1.0, Novell Linux Desktop 9.0, Linux Professional 10.0 OSS, 10.0, 9.3 x86_64, 9.3, 9.2 x86_64, 9.2, 9.1 x86_64, 9.1, 9.0 x86_64, 9.0, Linux Personal 10.0 OSS, 9.3 x86_64, 9.3, 9.2 x86_64, 9.2, 9.1 x86_64, 9.1, 9.0 x86_64, 9.0, Linux Enterprise Server 9, 8, Linux Desktop 1.0;</p> <p>RedHat Fedora Core4, Core3, Enterprise Linux WS 4, WS 3, WS 2.1 IA64, WS 2.1, ES 4, ES 3, 2.1 IA64, 2.1, AS 4, AS 3, AS 2.1 IA64, 2.1, Desktop 4.0, 3.0, Advanced Workstation for the Itanium Processor 2.1 IA64, 2.1; GTK+ 2.8.6, 2.6.4, 2.4.14, 2.4.13, 2.4.10, 2.4.9, 2.4.1, 2.2.4, 2.2.3;</p> <p>GNOME GdkPixbuf 0.22; Gentoo Linux ; Ardour 0.99</p>	<p>A integer overflow vulnerability was reported in 'gtk+/gdk-pixbuf/io-xpm.c' due to the insufficient validation of the 'n_col' value before using to allocate memory, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary code; a remote Denial of Service vulnerability was reported in 'gtk+/gdk-pixbuf/io-xpm.c' when processing an XPM file that contains a large number of colors; and an integer overflow vulnerability was reported in 'gtk+/gdk-pixbuf/io-xpm.c' when performing calculations using the height, width, and colors of a XPM file, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary code or cause a Denial of Service.</p> <p>Updates available at:  <a href="ftp://ftp.gtk.org/pub/gtk/v2.8/">ftp://ftp.gtk.org/pub/gtk/v2.8/</a></p> <p>Fedora:  <a href="http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/core/updates/">http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/core/updates/</a></p> <p>RedHat:  <a href="http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-810.html">http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-810.html</a></p> <p>Gentoo:  <a href="http://security.gentoo.org/glsa/glsa-200511-14.xml">http://security.gentoo.org/glsa/glsa-200511-14.xml</a></p> <p>SuSE:  <a href="ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/">ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/</a></p> <p>Ubuntu:  <a href="http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/g/gdk-pixbuf/">http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/g/gdk-pixbuf/</a></p> <p>Mandriva:  <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a></p> <p>Trustix:  <a href="http://http.trustix.org/pub/trustix/">http://http.trustix.org/pub/trustix/</a></p> <p>Avaya:  <a href="http://support.avaya.com/elmodocs2/security/ASA-2005-229.pdf">http://support.avaya.com/elmodocs2/security/ASA-2005-229.pdf</a></p> <p>Debian:  <a href="http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/g/gtk+2.0/">http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/g/gtk+2.0/</a></p> <p>SGI:  <a href="ftp://patches.sgi.com/support/free/security/advisories/">ftp://patches.sgi.com/support/free/security/advisories/</a></p> <p><b>Debian:</b>  <a href="http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/g/gdk-pixbuf/">http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/g/gdk-pixbuf/</a></p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for these vulnerabilities.</p>	<p>GTK+ GdkPixbuf XPM Image Rendering Library</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-2975</a>  <a href="#">CVE-2005-2976</a>  <a href="#">CVE-2005-3186</a></p>	<p>High</p> <p>Fedora Update Notifications  FEDORA-2005-1085 &amp; 1086, November 15, 2005</p> <p>RedHat Security Advisory, RHSA-2005:810-9, November 15, 2005</p> <p>Gentoo Linux Security Advisory GLSA 200511-14, November 16, 2005</p> <p>SUSE Security Announcement, SUSE-SA:2005:065, November 16, 2005</p> <p>Ubuntu Security Notice, USN-216-1, November 16, 2005</p> <p>Mandriva Linux Security Advisory, MDKSA-2005:214, November 18, 2005</p> <p>Trustix Secure Linux Security Advisory, TSLSA-2005-0066, November 22, 2005</p> <p>Avaya Security Advisory, ASA-2005-229, November 21, 2005</p> <p>Debian Security Advisory, DSA 911-1, November 29, 2005</p> <p>SGI Security Advisory, 20051101-01-U, November 29, 2005</p> <p><b>Debian Security Advisory DSA 913-1, December 1, 2005</b></p>
<p>Multiple Vendors</p> <p>GNU gnutmp3d 2.9-2.9.5; Debian Linux 3.1, sparc, s/390, ppc, mipsel, mips, m68k, ia-64, ia-32, hppa, arm, amd64, alpha</p>	<p>A vulnerability has been reported in GNUMP3d that could let remote malicious users conduct Cross-Site Scripting or traverse directories.</p> <p>Upgrade to version 2.9.6:  <a href="http://savannah.gnu.org/download/gnutmp3d/gnutmp3d-2.9.6.tar.gz">http://savannah.gnu.org/download/gnutmp3d/gnutmp3d-2.9.6.tar.gz</a></p> <p>Debian:</p>	<p>GNUMP3d Cross-Site Scripting or Directory Traversal</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-3122</a>  <a href="#">CVE-2005-3123</a></p>	<p>Medium</p> <p>Security Focus Bugtraq IDs: 15226 &amp; 15228, October 28, 2005</p> <p>Debian Security Advisory DSA 877-1, October 28, 2005</p> <p>SUSE Security Summary Report, SUSE-SR:2005:025,</p>



	<a href="http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/g/gnump3d/">http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/g/gnump3d/</a>  <b>SUSE:</b> <a href="ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/">ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/</a>  Gentoo: <a href="http://security.gentoo.org/glsa/glsa-200511-05.xml">http://security.gentoo.org/glsa/glsa-200511-05.xml</a>  There is no exploit code required; however, Proof of Concept exploits have been published.			November 4, 2005  Gentoo Linux Security Advisory, GLSA 200511-05, November 6, 2005  SUSE Security Summary Report, SUSE-SR:2005:027, November 18, 2005  <b>SUSE Security Summary Report, SUSE-SR:2005:028, December 2, 2005</b>
Multiple Vendors  GNU gnump3d 2.9-2.9.5; Gentoo Linux	A Cross-Site Scripting vulnerability has been reported due to insufficient sanitization of user-supplied input, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary HTML and script code.  Upgrades available at: <a href="http://www.gnu.org/software/gnump3d/download.html#Download">http://www.gnu.org/software/gnump3d/download.html#Download</a>  Gentoo: <a href="http://security.gentoo.org/glsa/glsa-200511-05.xml">http://security.gentoo.org/glsa/glsa-200511-05.xml</a>  <b>SUSE:</b> <a href="ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/">ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/</a>  There is no exploit code required.	GNU gnump3d Unspecified Cross-Site Scripting  <a href="#">CVE-2005-3425</a>	Medium	Gentoo Linux Security Advisory GLSA 200511-05, November 7, 2005  SUSE Security Summary Report, SUSE-SR:2005:027, November 18, 2005  <b>SUSE Security Summary Report, SUSE-SR:2005:028, December 2, 2005</b>
Multiple Vendors  Linux kernel 2.6 .10, Linux kernel 2.6 -test1-test11, 2.6-2.6.8	A Denial of Service vulnerability has been reported in the Netfilter code due to a memory leak.  Ubuntu: <a href="http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/linux-source-2.6.8.1/">http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/linux-source-2.6.8.1/</a>  SuSE: <a href="ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/">ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/</a>  Fedora: <a href="http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/core/updates/">http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/core/updates/</a>  Conectiva: <a href="ftp://atualizacoes.conectiva.com.br/10/">ftp://atualizacoes.conectiva.com.br/10/</a>  Fedora: <a href="http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/core/updates/">http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/core/updates/</a>  RedHat: <a href="http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-366.html">http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-366.html</a>  RedHat: <a href="http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-663.html">http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-663.html</a>  <b>Mandriva:</b> <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a>  Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.	Linux Kernel Netfilter Memory Leak Denial of Service  <a href="#">CVE-2005-0210</a>	Low	Ubuntu Security Notice, USN-95-1 March 15, 2005  SUSE Security Announcement, SUSE-SA: 2005: 018, March 24, 2005  Fedora Security Update Notification, FEDORA-2005-262, March 28, 2005  Conectiva Linux Security Announcement, CLA-2005:945, March 31, 2005  Fedora Update Notification FEDORA-2005-313, April 11, 2005  RedHat Security Advisory, RHSA-2005:366-21, August 9, 2005  RedHat Security Advisory, RHSA-2005:663-19, September 28, 2005  <b>Mandriva Linux Security Advisories, MDKSA-2005:218 &amp; 219, November 30, 2005</b>

<p>Multiple Vendors</p> <p>Linux Kernel 2.6 up to &amp; including 2.6.12-rc4</p>	<p>Several vulnerabilities have been reported: a vulnerability was reported in raw character devices (raw.c) because the wrong function is called before passing an ioctl to the block device, which crosses security boundaries by making kernel address space accessible from user space; and a vulnerability was reported in the 'pkt_ioctl' function in the 'pktcdvd' block device ioctl handler (pktcdvd.c) because the wrong function is called before passing an ioctl to the block device, which could let a malicious user execute arbitrary code.</p> <p>Update available at: <a href="http://kernel.org/">http://kernel.org/</a></p> <p>Ubuntu: <a href="http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/">http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/</a></p> <p>Mandriva: <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a></p> <p>RedHat: <a href="http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-420.html">http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-420.html</a></p> <p>Conectiva: <a href="ftp://atualizacoes.conectiva.com.br/10/">ftp://atualizacoes.conectiva.com.br/10/</a></p> <p><b>Mandriva:</b> <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a></p> <p>A Proof of Concept Denial of Service exploit script has been published.</p>	<p>Multiple Vendor pktcdvd &amp; raw device Block Device</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-1264</a> <a href="#">CVE-2005-1589</a></p>	<p>High</p>	<p>Secunia Advisory, SA15392, May 17, 2005</p> <p>Ubuntu Security Notice, USN-131-1, May 23, 2005</p> <p>Mandriva Linux Security Update Advisory, MDKSA-2005:110, July 1, 2005</p> <p>RedHat Security Advisory, RHSA-2005 :420-24, Updated August 9, 2005</p> <p>Conectiva Linux Announcement, CLSA-2005:999, August 17, 2005</p> <p><b>Mandriva Linux Security Advisory, MDKSA-2005:219, November 30, 2005</b></p>
<p>Multiple Vendors</p> <p>Linux kernel 2.6-2.6.11</p>	<p>A vulnerability has been reported in the '/sys' file system due to a mismanagement of integer signedness, which could let a malicious user cause a Denial of Service and potentially execute arbitrary code.</p> <p>SuSE: <a href="ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/">ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/</a></p> <p>Ubuntu: <a href="http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/linux-source-2.6.8.1/">http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/linux-source-2.6.8.1/</a></p> <p>RedHat: <a href="http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-366.html">http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-366.html</a></p> <p><b>Mandriva:</b> <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a></p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.</p>	<p>Linux Kernel SYSFS_Write_ File Local Integer Overflow</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-0867</a></p>	<p>High</p>	<p>Security Focus, 13091, April 11, 2005</p> <p>RedHat Security Advisory, RHSA-2005:366-19, April 19, 2005</p> <p>SUSE Security Announce- ment, SUSE-SA:2005:044, August 4, 2005</p> <p><b>Mandriva Linux Security Advisory, MDKSA-2005:218, November 30, 2005</b></p>
<p>Multiple Vendors</p> <p>Linux Kernel 2.4.x, 2.6 prior to 2.6.11.11</p>	<p>A vulnerability has been reported in the Linux kernel in the Radionet Open Source Environment (ROSE) implementation in the 'rose_rt_ioctl()' function due to insufficient validation of a new routes' ndigis argument. The impact was not specified.</p> <p>Updates available at: <a href="http://linux.bkbits.net:8080/linux-2.4/cset@41e2cf515TpixcVQ8q8HvQvCv9E6zA">http://linux.bkbits.net:8080/linux-2.4/cset@41e2cf515TpixcVQ8q8HvQvCv9E6zA</a></p> <p>Ubuntu: <a href="http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/">http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/</a></p>	<p>Linux Kernel Radionet Open Source Environment (ROSE) ndigis Input Validation</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-3273</a></p>	<p>Not Specified</p>	<p>Security Tracker Alert, 1014115, June 7, 2005</p> <p>Ubuntu Security Notice, USN-219-1, November 22, 2005</p> <p><b>Mandriva Linux Security Advisories, MDKSA-2005:218, 219, &amp; 220, November 30, 2005</b></p>

**Mandriva:**  
<http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories>

Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.

Multiple Vendors

Linux Kernel 2.6 .10, 2.6, test-test11, 2.6.1-2.6.10, 2.6.10 rc2; RedHat Fedora Core2&3

An integer overflow vulnerability has been reported in the 'scsi\_ioctl.c' kernel driver due to insufficient sanitization of the 'sg\_scsi\_ioctl' function, which could let a malicious user execute arbitrary code.

Fedora:  
<http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/core/updates/>

SuSE:  
<ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/>

RedHat:  
<https://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-092.html>

**Mandriva:**  
<http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories>

Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.

Linux Kernel  
SCSI IOCTL  
Integer  
Overflow

[CVE-2005-0180](#)

High

Bugtraq, January 7, 2005

Fedora Update  
Notifications,  
FEDORA-2005-013 & 014,  
January 10, 2005

SUSE Security  
Announcement,  
SUSE-SA:2005:003,  
January 21, 2005

RedHat Security Advisory,  
RHSA-2005:092-14,  
February 18, 2005

SUSE Security  
Announcement,  
SUSE-SA:2005:010,  
February 25, 2005

**Mandriva Linux Security  
Advisory,  
MDKSA-2005:218,  
November 30, 2005**

Multiple Vendors  Linux kernel 2.6.10, 2.6-test9-CVS, 2.6-test1-test11, 2.6, 2.6.1-2.6.11; RedHat Desktop 4.0, Enterprise Linux WS 4, ES 4, AS 4	<p>Multiple vulnerabilities have been reported: a vulnerability was reported in the 'shmctl' function, which could let a malicious user obtain sensitive information; a Denial of Service vulnerability was reported in 'nls_ascii.c' due to the use of incorrect table sizes; a race condition vulnerability was reported in the 'setuid()' function; and a vulnerability was reported in the OUTS instruction on the AMD64 and Intel EM64T architecture, which could let a malicious user obtain elevated privileges.</p> <p>RedHat: <a href="https://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-092.html">https://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-092.html</a></p> <p>Ubuntu: <a href="http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/linux-source-2.6.8.1/">http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/linux-source-2.6.8.1/</a></p> <p>Conectiva: <a href="ftp://atualizacoes.conectiva.com.br/">ftp://atualizacoes.conectiva.com.br/</a></p> <p>SUSE: <a href="ftp://ftp.SUSE.com/pub/SUSE">ftp://ftp.SUSE.com/pub/SUSE</a></p> <p>Fedora: <a href="http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/core/updates/2/">http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/core/updates/2/</a></p> <p>Conectiva: <a href="ftp://atualizacoes.conectiva.com.br/10/">ftp://atualizacoes.conectiva.com.br/10/</a></p> <p>Fedora: <a href="http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/core/updates/">http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/core/updates/</a></p> <p>RedHat: <a href="http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-366.html">http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-366.html</a></p> <p>RedHat: <a href="http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-283.html">http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-283.html</a></p> <p><a href="http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-284.html">http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-284.html</a></p> <p>RedHat: <a href="http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-472.html">http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-472.html</a></p> <p>Avaya: <a href="http://support.avaya.com/elmodocs2/security/ASA-2005-120_RHSA-2005-283_RHSA-2005-284_RHSA-2005-293_RHSA-2005-472.pdf">http://support.avaya.com/elmodocs2/security/ASA-2005-120_RHSA-2005-283_RHSA-2005-284_RHSA-2005-293_RHSA-2005-472.pdf</a></p> <p>FedoraLegacy: <a href="http://download.fedoralegacy.org/redhat/">http://download.fedoralegacy.org/redhat/</a></p> <p>RedHat: <a href="http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-420.html">http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-420.html</a></p> <p><b>Mandriva:</b> <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a></p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for these vulnerabilities.</p>	Linux Kernel Multiple Vulnerabilities  <a href="#">CVE-2005-0176</a> <a href="#">CVE-2005-0177</a> <a href="#">CVE-2005-0178</a> <a href="#">CVE-2005-0204</a>	Medium  Ubuntu Security Notice, USN-82-1, February 15, 2005  RedHat Security Advisory, RHSA-2005:092-14, February 18, 2005  SUSE Security Announcement, SUSE-SA:2005:018, March 24, 2005  Fedora Security Update Notification, FEDORA-2005-262, March 28, 2005  Conectiva Linux Security Announcement, CLA-2005:945, March 31, 2005  Fedora Update Notification FEDORA-2005-313, April 11, 2005  RedHat Security Advisory, RHSA-2005:366-19, April 19, 2005  RedHat Security Advisories, RHSA-2005 :283-15 & RHSA-2005:284-11, April 28, 2005  RedHat Security Advisory, RHSA-2005:472-05, May 25, 2005  Avaya Security Advisory, ASA-2005-120, June 3, 2005  FedoraLegacy: FLSA:152532, June 4, 2005  RedHat Security Advisory, RHSA-2005 :420-24, Updated August 9, 2005  <b>Mandriva Linux Security Advisory, MDKSA-2005:218, November 30, 2005</b>
--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

Multiple Vendors Linux kernel 2.6.10-2.6.15	<p>A Denial of Service vulnerability has been reported due to a memory leak in the kernel file lock lease code.</p> <p>Upgrades available at:  <a href="http://kernel.org/pub/linux/kernel/v2.6/linux-2.6.14.3.tar.bz2">http://kernel.org/pub/linux/kernel/v2.6/linux-2.6.14.3.tar.bz2</a></p> <p>SUSE:  <a href="ftp://ftp.SUSE.com/pub/SUSE">ftp://ftp.SUSE.com/pub/SUSE</a></p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.</p>	Linux Kernel File Lock Lease Local Denial of Service  <a href="#">CVE-2005-3807</a>	Low	SUSE Security Announcement, SUSE-SA:2005:067, December 6, 2005
Multiple Vendors Linux kernel 2.6.8, 2.6.10	<p>A vulnerability has been reported in the EXT2/EXT3 file systems, which could let a remote malicious user bypass access controls.</p> <p>Ubuntu:  <a href="http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/">http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/</a></p> <p>Mandriva:  <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a></p> <p>RedHat:  <a href="http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-514.html">http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-514.html</a></p> <p><b>Mandriva:</b>  <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a></p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.</p>	Linux Kernel EXT2/EXT3 File Access Bypass  <a href="#">CVE-2005-2801</a>	Medium	<p>Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 14792, September 9, 2005</p> <p>Ubuntu Security Notice, USN-178-1, September 09, 2005</p> <p>Mandriva Linux Security Update Advisory, MDKSA-2005:171, October 3, 2005</p> <p>RedHat Security Advisory, RHSA-2005:514-46, October 5, 2005</p> <p><b>Mandriva Linux Security Advisory, MDKSA-2005:219, November 30, 2005</b></p>
Multiple Vendors Linux kernel 2.6.8, 2.6.10	<p>A remote Denial of Service vulnerability has been reported in the 'ipt_recent' module when specially crafted packets are sent.</p> <p>Ubuntu:  <a href="http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/">http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/</a></p> <p>Mandriva:  <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a></p> <p>RedHat:  <a href="http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-514.html">http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-514.html</a></p> <p><b>Mandriva:</b>  <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a></p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.</p>	Linux Kernel 'Ipt_recent' Remote Denial of Service  <a href="#">CVE-2005-2872</a>	Low	<p>Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 14791, September 9, 2005</p> <p>Ubuntu Security Notice, USN-178-1, September 09, 2005</p> <p>Mandriva Linux Security Update Advisory, MDKSA-2005:171, October 3, 2005</p> <p>RedHat Security Advisory, RHSA-2005:514-46, October 5, 2005</p> <p><b>Mandriva Linux Security Advisories, MDKSA-2005:219 &amp; 220, November 30, 2005</b></p>
Multiple Vendors Linux kernel 2.6.8-2.6.10, 2.4.21	<p>Several vulnerabilities have been reported: a buffer overflow vulnerability was reported in 'msg_control' when copying 32 bit contents, which could let a malicious user obtain root privileges and execute arbitrary code; and a vulnerability was reported in the 'raw_sendmsg()' function, which could let a malicious user obtain sensitive information or cause a Denial of Service.</p> <p>Ubuntu:  <a href="http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/">http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/</a></p> <p>Trustix:  <a href="http://http.trustix.org/pub/trustix/updates/">http://http.trustix.org/pub/trustix/updates/</a></p> <p>Fedora:  <a href="http://download.fedora">http://download.fedora</a></p>	Linux Kernel Buffer Overflow, Information Disclosure, & Denial of Service  <a href="#">CVE-2005-2490</a> <a href="#">CVE-2005-2492</a>	High	<p>Secunia Advisory: SA16747, September 9, 2005</p> <p>Ubuntu Security Notice, USN-178-1, September 09, 2005</p> <p>Trustix Secure Linux Security Advisory, TLSA-2005-0049, September 16, 2005</p> <p>Fedora Update Notifications, FEDORA-2005-905 &amp; 906, September 22, 2005</p> <p>RedHat Security Advisory, RHSA-2005:663-19,</p>



	<p><a href="http://redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/core/updates/">redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/core/updates/</a></p> <p>RedHat: <a href="http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-663.html">http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-663.html</a></p> <p>Mandriva: <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a></p> <p>RedHat: <a href="http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-514.html">http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-514.html</a></p> <p><b>Mandriva:</b> <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a></p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for these vulnerabilities.</p>			<p>September 28, 2005</p> <p>Mandriva Linux Security Update Advisory, MDKSA-2005:171, October 3, 2005</p> <p>RedHat Security Advisory, RHSA-2005:514-46, October 5, 2005</p> <p><b>Mandriva Linux Security Advisories, MDKSA-2005:219 &amp; 220, November 30, 2005</b></p>
<p>Multiple Vendors</p> <p>Linux kernel 2.6-2.6.12 .1</p>	<p>A vulnerability has been reported due to insufficient authorization before accessing a privileged function, which could let a malicious user bypass IPSEC policies.</p> <p>Ubuntu: <a href="http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/">http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/</a></p> <p>This issue has been addressed in Linux kernel 2.6.13-rc7.</p> <p>SUSE: <a href="ftp://ftp.SUSE.com/">ftp://ftp.SUSE.com/</a></p> <p>RedHat: <a href="http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-663.html">http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-663.html</a></p> <p>RedHat: <a href="http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-514.html">http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-514.html</a></p> <p><b>Mandriva:</b> <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a></p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.</p>	<p>Linux Kernel IPsec Policies Authorization Bypass</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-2555</a></p>	Medium	<p>Ubuntu Security Notice, USN-169-1, August 19, 2005</p> <p>Security Focus, Bugtraq ID 14609, August 19, 2005</p> <p>Security Focus, Bugtraq ID 14609, August 25, 2005</p> <p>SUSE Security Announcement, SUSE-SA:2005:050, September 1, 2005</p> <p>RedHat Security Advisory, RHSA-2005:663-19, September 28, 2005</p> <p>RedHat Security Advisory, RHSA-2005:514-46, October 5, 2005</p> <p><b>Mandriva Linux Security Advisory, MDKSA-2005:218, November 30, 2005</b></p>
<p>Multiple Vendors</p> <p>Linux kernel 2.6-2.6.12 .3, 2.4-2.4.32</p>	<p>A Denial of Service vulnerability has been reported in 'IP_VS_CONN_FLUSH' due to a NULL pointer dereference.</p> <p>Kernel versions 2.6.13 and 2.4.32-pre2 are not affected by this issue.</p> <p>Ubuntu: <a href="http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/">http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/</a></p> <p><b>Mandriva:</b> <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a></p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.</p>	<p>Linux Kernel Denial of Service</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-3274</a></p>	Low	<p>Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15528, November 22, 2005</p> <p>Ubuntu Security Notice, USN-219-1, November 22, 2005</p> <p><b>Mandriva Linux Security Advisories, MDKSA-2005:219 &amp; 220, November 30, 2005</b></p>
<p>Multiple Vendors</p> <p>Linux kernel 2.6-2.6.12, 2.4-2.4.31</p>	<p>A remote Denial of Service vulnerability has been reported due to a design error in the kernel.</p> <p>The vendor has released versions 2.6.13 and 2.4.32-rc1 of the kernel to address this issue.</p> <p>Ubuntu: <a href="http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/">http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/</a></p>	<p>Linux Kernel Remote Denial of Service</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-3275</a></p>	Low	<p>Ubuntu Security Notice, USN-219-1, November 22, 2005</p> <p><b>Mandriva Linux Security Advisories, MDKSA-2005:218, 219 &amp; 220, November 30, 2005</b></p>

	<a href="#">main//</a> <b>Mandriva:</b> <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a> Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.			
Multiple Vendors Linux kernel 2.6-2.6.13.1	A Denial of Service vulnerability has been reported due to an omitted call to the 'sockfd_put()' function in the 32-bit compatible 'routing_ioctl()' function. Fixed version (2.6.13.2), available at: <a href="http://kernel.org/">http://kernel.org/</a> Ubuntu: <a href="http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/">http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/</a> <b>Mandriva:</b> <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a> <b>SUSE:</b> <a href="ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/">ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/</a> Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.	Linux Kernel routing_ioctl() Denial of Service <a href="#">CVE-2005-3044</a>	Low	Security Tracker Alert ID: 1014944, September 21, 2005 Ubuntu Security Notice, USN-187-1, September 25, 2005 <b>Mandriva Linux Security Advisories, MDKSA-2005:218, 219, 220, November 30, 2005</b> <b>SUSE Security Announcement, SUSE-SA:2005:067, December 6, 2005</b>
Multiple Vendors Linux kernel 2.6-2.6.14	Several vulnerabilities have been reported: a Denial of Service vulnerability was reported due to a memory leak in '/security/keys/request_key_auth.c'; a Denial of Service vulnerability was reported due to a memory leak in '/fs/namei.c' when the 'CONFIG_AUDITSYSCALL' option is enabled; and a vulnerability was reported because the orinoco wireless driver fails to pad data packets with zeroes when increasing the length, which could let a malicious user obtain sensitive information. Patches available at: <a href="http://kernel.org/pub/linux/kernel/v2.6/testing/patch-2.6.14-rc4.bz2">http://kernel.org/pub/linux/kernel/v2.6/testing/patch-2.6.14-rc4.bz2</a> Fedora: <a href="http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/core/updates/">http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/core/updates/</a> Trustix: <a href="http://http.trustix.org/pub/trustix/updates/">http://http.trustix.org/pub/trustix/updates/</a> RedHat: <a href="http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-808.html">http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-808.html</a> Ubuntu: <a href="http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/">http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/</a> <b>Mandriva:</b> <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a> <b>SUSE:</b> <a href="ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/">ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/</a> There is no exploit code required.	Linux Kernel Denial of Service & Information Disclosure <a href="#">CVE-2005-3119</a> <a href="#">CVE-2005-3180</a> <a href="#">CVE-2005-3181</a>	Medium	Secunia Advisory: SA17114, October 12, 2005 Trustix Secure Linux Security Advisory, TSLSA-2005-0057, October 14, 2005 Fedora Update Notifications, FEDORA-2005-1013, October 20, 2005 RedHat Security Advisory, RHSA-2005:808-14, October 27, 2005 Ubuntu Security Notice, USN-219-1, November 22, 2005 <b>Mandriva Linux Security Advisories, MDKSA-2005:218, 219 &amp; 220, November 30, 2005</b> <b>SUSE Security Announcement, SUSE-SA:2005:067, December 6, 2005</b>
Multiple Vendors Linux kernel 2.6-2.6.14	Several vulnerabilities have been reported: a Denial of Service vulnerability was reported when handling asynchronous USB access via usbdevio; and a Denial of Service vulnerability was reported in the 'ipt_recent.c' netfilter module due to an error in jiffies comparison. RedHat:	Linux Kernel USB Subsystem Denials of Service <a href="#">CVE-2005-2873</a> <a href="#">CVE-2005-3055</a>	Low	Secunia Advisory: SA16969, September 27, 2005 RedHat Security Advisory, RHSA-2005:514-46, October 5, 2005 Ubuntu Security Notice,

	<a href="http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-514.html">http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-514.html</a>  Ubuntu: <a href="http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/">http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/</a>  <b>Mandriva:</b> <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a>  <b>SUSE:</b> <a href="ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/">ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/</a>  Currently we are not aware of any exploits for these vulnerabilities.			USN-219-1, November 22, 2005  <b>Mandriva Linux Security Advisories,</b> <b>MDKSA-2005:218, 219 &amp; 220, November 30, 2005</b>  <b>SUSE Security Announcement,</b> <b>SUSE-SA:2005:067,</b> <b>December 6, 2005</b>
Multiple Vendors  Linux Kernel 2.6-2.6.14	Multiple vulnerabilities have been reported: a Denial of Service vulnerability was reported in the 'sys_set_mempolicy' function when a malicious user submits a negative first argument; a Denial of Service vulnerability was reported when threads are sharing memory mapping via 'CLONE_VM'; a Denial of Service vulnerability was reported in 'fs/exec.c' when one thread is tracing another thread that shares the same memory map; a Denial of Service vulnerability was reported in 'mm/ioremap.c' when performing a lookup of a non-existent page; a Denial of Service vulnerability was reported in the HFS and HFS+ (hfsplus) modules; and a remote Denial of Service vulnerability was reported due to a race condition in 'ebtables.c' when running on a SMP system that is operating under a heavy load.  Ubuntu: <a href="http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/">http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/</a>  Trustix: <a href="http://http.trustix.org/pub/trustix/updates/">http://http.trustix.org/pub/trustix/updates/</a>  RedHat: <a href="http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-808.html">http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-808.html</a>  <b>Mandriva:</b> <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a>  Currently we are not aware of any exploits for these vulnerabilities.	Multiple Vendors Linux Kernel Denials of Service  <a href="#">CVE-2005-3053</a> <a href="#">CVE-2005-3106</a> <a href="#">CVE-2005-3107</a> <a href="#">CVE-2005-3108</a> <a href="#">CVE-2005-3109</a> <a href="#">CVE-2005-3110</a>	Low	Ubuntu Security Notice, USN-199-1, October 10, 2005  Trustix Secure Linux Security Advisory, TLSA-2005-0057, October 14, 2005  RedHat Security Advisory, RHSA-2005:808-14, October 27, 2005  <b>Mandriva Linux Security Advisories,</b> <b>MDKSA-2005: 219 &amp; 220, November 30, 2005</b>
Multiple Vendors  Linux kernel 2.6-2.6.14, 2.5.0- 2.5.69, 2.4-2.4.32, 2.3, 2.3.x, 2.3.99, pre1-pre7, 2.2-2.2.27, 2.1, 2.1 .x, 2.1.89, 2.0.28-2.0.39	A vulnerability has been reported due to the way console keyboard mapping is handled, which could let a malicious user modify the console keymap to include scripted macro commands.  <b>Mandriva:</b> <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a>  There is no exploit code required; however, a Proof of Concept exploit has been published.	Linux Kernel Console Keymap Arbitrary Command Injection  <a href="#">CVE-2005-3257</a>	Medium	Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15122, October 17, 2005  <b>Mandriva Linux Security Advisories,</b> <b>MDKSA-2005:218, 219 &amp; 220, November 30, 2005</b>

Multiple Vendors  Linux kernel 2.6-2.6.14; <b>SuSE Linux Professional 10.0 OSS, Linux Personal 10.0 OSS;</b> <b>RedHat Fedora Core4</b>	<p>A Denial of Service vulnerability has been reported in 'ptrace.c' when 'CLONE_THREAD' is used due to a missing check of the thread's group ID when trying to determine whether the process is attempting to attach to itself.</p> <p>Upgrades available at: <a href="http://kernel.org/pub/linux/kernel/v2.6/linux-2.6.14.2.tar.bz2">http://kernel.org/pub/linux/kernel/v2.6/linux-2.6.14.2.tar.bz2</a></p> <p>Fedora: <a href="http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/core/updates/4/">http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/core/updates/4/</a></p> <p><b>SUSE:</b> <a href="ftp://ftp.SUSE.com/pub/SUSE">ftp://ftp.SUSE.com/pub/SUSE</a></p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.</p>	Linux Kernel PTrace 'CLONE_THREAD' Denial of Service  <a href="#">CVE-2005-3783</a>	Low	<p>Secunia Advisory: SA17761, November 29, 2005</p> <p>Fedora Update Notification, FEDORA-2005-1104, November 28, 2005</p> <p><b>SuSE Security Announcement, SUSE-SA:2005:067, December 6, 2005</b></p>
Multiple Vendors  Linux kernel 2.6-2.6.15; <b>SuSE Linux Professional 10.0 OSS, Linux Personal 10.0 OSS;</b> <b>RedHat Fedora Core4</b>	<p>A Denial of Service vulnerability has been reported because processes are improperly auto-reaped when they are being ptraced.</p> <p>Patches available at: <a href="http://kernel.org/pub/linux/kernel/v2.6/testing/patch-2.6.15-rc3.bz2">http://kernel.org/pub/linux/kernel/v2.6/testing/patch-2.6.15-rc3.bz2</a></p> <p><b>Fedora:</b> <a href="http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/core/updates/4/">http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/core/updates/4/</a></p> <p><b>SUSE:</b> <a href="ftp://ftp.SUSE.com/pub/SUSE">ftp://ftp.SUSE.com/pub/SUSE</a></p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.</p>	Linux Kernel PTraced Denial of Service  <a href="#">CVE-2005-3784</a>	Low	<p>Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15625, November 29, 2005</p> <p><b>Fedora Update Notification, FEDORA-2005-1104, November 28, 2005</b></p> <p><b>SuSE Security Announcement, SUSE-SA:2005:067, December 6, 2005</b></p>
Multiple Vendors  Linux kernel 2.6-2.6.12 .1	<p>Several vulnerabilities have been reported: a Denial of Service vulnerability was reported due to an error when handling key rings; and a Denial of Service vulnerability was reported in the 'KE YCTL_JOIN_SESSION _KEYRING' operation due to an error when attempting to join a key management session.</p> <p>Patches available at: <a href="http://kernel.org/pub/linux/kernel/v2.6/snapshots/patch-2.6.13-rc6-git.1.bz2">http://kernel.org/pub/linux/kernel/v2.6/snapshots/patch-2.6.13-rc6-git.1.bz2</a></p> <p>Ubuntu: <a href="http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/">http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/</a></p> <p>Trustix: <a href="http://http.trustix.org/pub/trustix/updates/">http://http.trustix.org/pub/trustix/updates/</a></p> <p>RedHat: <a href="http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-514.html">http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-514.html</a></p> <p><b>Mandriva:</b> <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a></p> <p>There is no exploit code required.</p>	Linux Kernel Management Denials of Service  <a href="#">CVE-2005-2098</a> <a href="#">CVE-2005-2099</a>	Low	<p>Secunia Advisory: SA16355, August 9, 2005</p> <p>Ubuntu Security Notice, USN-169-1, August 19, 2005</p> <p>Trustix Secure Linux Security Advisory, TLSA-2005-0043, September 2, 2005</p> <p>RedHat Security Advisory, RHSA-2005:514-46, October 5, 2005</p> <p><b>Mandriva Linux Security Advisory, MDKSA-2005:220, November 30, 2005</b></p>
Multiple Vendors  RedHat Fedora Core3; Linux kernel 2.6.10-2.6.13	<p>A vulnerability has been reported because a world writable file is created in 'SYSFS' which could let a malicious user obtain sensitive information.</p> <p>Upgrades available at: <a href="http://kernel.org/pub/linux/kernel/v2.6/linux-2.6.13.4.tar.bz2">http://kernel.org/pub/linux/kernel/v2.6/linux-2.6.13.4.tar.bz2</a></p> <p>Fedora:</p>	Linux Kernel World Writable SYSFS Information Disclosure  <a href="#">CVE-2005-3179</a>	Medium	<p>Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15154, October 20, 2005</p> <p>Fedora Update Notification FEDORA-2005-1007, October 20, 2005</p> <p><b>Mandriva Linux Security Advisory,</b></p>

	<a href="http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/core/updates/3/">http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/core/updates/3/</a>  <b>Mandriva:</b> <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a>  There is no exploit code required.			<b>MDKSA-2005:220, November 30, 2005</b>
Multiple Vendors  SpamAssassin 3.0.4; RedHat Fedora Core3	A vulnerability has been reported due to a failure to handle exceptional conditions, which could let a remote malicious user bypass spam detection.  SpamAssassin: <a href="http://spamassassin.apache.org/downloads.cgi?update=200509141634">http://spamassassin.apache.org/downloads.cgi?update=200509141634</a>  Fedora: <a href="http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/core/updates/3/">http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/core/updates/3/</a>  SUSE: <a href="ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/">ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/</a>  Trustix: <a href="http://http.trustix.org/pub/trustix/updates/">http://http.trustix.org/pub/trustix/updates/</a>  <b>Mandriva:</b> <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a>  There is no exploit code required.	SpamAssassin Spam Detection Bypass  <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">CVE-2005-3351</a>	Medium	Fedora Update Notification, FEDORA-2005-1065, November 9, 2005  SUSE Security Summary Report, SUSE-SR:2005:027, November 18, 2005  Trustix Secure Linux Security Advisory, TLSA-2005-0064, November 22, 2005  <b>Mandriva Linux Security Advisory, MDKSA-2005:221, December 2, 2005</b>
Multiple Vendors  SuSE Linux Professional 10.0 OSS, 10.0, Personal 10.0 OSS; Linux kernel 2.6-2.6.13, Linux kernel 2.4-2.4.32	A Denial of Service vulnerability has been reported in FlowLable.  Upgrades available at: <a href="http://kernel.org/pub/linux/kernel/v2.6/linux-2.6.14.tar.bz2">http://kernel.org/pub/linux/kernel/v2.6/linux-2.6.14.tar.bz2</a>  SUSE: <a href="ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/">ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/</a>  Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.	Linux Kernel IPv6 FlowLable Denial of Service  <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">CVE-2005-3806</a>	Low	Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15729, December 6, 2005  SUSE Security Announcement, SUSE-SA:2005:067, December 6, 2005
Multiple Vendors  SuSE Linux Professional 10.0 OSS, 10.0 OSS; Linux kernel 2.6.10 -2.6.14	A Denial of Service vulnerability has been reported due to a race condition error in the handling of POSIX timer cleanup routines.  Linux kernel versions subsequent to 2.6.14 are not vulnerable to this issue.  SUSE: <a href="ftp://ftp.SUSE.com/pub/SUSE">ftp://ftp.SUSE.com/pub/SUSE</a>  Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.	Linux Kernel POSIX Timer Cleanup Handling Local Denial of Service  <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">CVE-2005-3805</a>	Low	SUSE Security Announcement, SUSE-SA:2005:067, December 6, 2005
Multiple Vendors  Turbolinux Server 10.0, 8.0, Desktop 10.0, Turbolinux Home Appliance Server 1.0 Workgroup Edition, Hosting Edition; Trustix Secure Linux 3.0, 2.2, Secure Enterprise Linux 2.0; Sun Solaris 10.0 _x86, 10.0, 9.0 _x86 Update 2, 9.0 _x86, 9.0, Sun SEAM 1.0-1.0.2; SuSE Linux Professional 9.3 x86_64, 9.3, Linux Personal 9.3	Multiple vulnerabilities have been reported: a remote Denial of Service vulnerability was reported when a malicious user submits a specially crafted TCP connection that causes the Key Distribution Center (KDC) to attempt to free random memory; a buffer overflow vulnerability was reported in KDC due to a boundary error when a specially crafted TCP or UDP request is submitted, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary code; and a vulnerability was reported in 'krb/recvauth.c' which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary code.  MIT: <a href="http://web.mit.edu/kerberos/advisories/2005-002-patch.1.4.1.txt.asc">http://web.mit.edu/kerberos/advisories/2005-002-patch.1.4.1.txt.asc</a>	Kerberos V5 Multiple Vulnerabilities  <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">CVE-2005-1174</a> <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">CVE-2005-1175</a> <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">CVE-2005-1689</a>	High	MIT krb5 Security Advisory, 2005-002, July 12, 2005  RedHat Security Advisory, RHSA-2005:567-08, July 12, 2005  Sun(sm) Alert Notification, 101809, July 12, 2005  Fedora Update Notifications, FEDORA-2005-552 & 553, July 12, 2005  SUSE Security Summary Report,



<p>x86_64, 9.3; RedHat Fedora Core3 &amp; 4, Advanced Workstation for the Itanium Processor 2.1; MIT Kerberos 5 5.0 -1.4.1 &amp; prior; Gentoo Linux</p>	<p>Mandriva: <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a></p> <p>Fedora: <a href="http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/core/updates">http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/core/updates</a></p> <p>RedHat: <a href="http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-567.html">http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-567.html</a></p> <p>Sun: <a href="http://sunsolve.sun.com/search/document.do?assetkey=1-26-101809-1">http://sunsolve.sun.com/search/document.do?assetkey=1-26-101809-1</a></p> <p>SuSE: <a href="http://www.novell.com/linux/security/advisories.html">http://www.novell.com/linux/security/advisories.html</a></p> <p>Trustix: <a href="http://http.trustix.org/pub/trustix/updates/">http://http.trustix.org/pub/trustix/updates/</a></p> <p>TurboLinux: <a href="ftp://ftp.turbolinux.co.jp/pub/TurboLinux/TurboLinux/ia32/">ftp://ftp.turbolinux.co.jp/pub/TurboLinux/TurboLinux/ia32/</a></p> <p>SGI: <a href="http://www.sgi.com/support/security/">http://www.sgi.com/support/security/</a></p> <p>Debian: <a href="http://www.debian.org/security/2005/dsa-757">http://www.debian.org/security/2005/dsa-757</a></p> <p>Conectiva: <a href="http://distro.conectiva.com.br/atualizacoes/index.php?id=a&amp;anuncio=000993">http://distro.conectiva.com.br/atualizacoes/index.php?id=a&amp;anuncio=000993</a></p> <p>Sun: <a href="http://sunsolve.sun.com/search/document.do?assetkey=1-26-101810-1">http://sunsolve.sun.com/search/document.do?assetkey=1-26-101810-1</a></p> <p>RedHat: <a href="http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-562.html">http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-562.html</a></p> <p><b>Ubuntu:</b> <a href="http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/k/krb4/">http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/k/krb4/</a></p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for these vulnerabilities.</p>			<p>SUSE-SR:2005:017, July 13, 2005</p> <p>Turbolinux Security Advisory TLSA-2005-78, July 13, 2005</p> <p>Mandriva Linux Security Update Advisory, MDKSA-2005: 119, July 14, 2005</p> <p>Trustix Secure Linux Security Advisory, TSLSA-2005-0036, July, 14, 2005</p> <p>SGI Security Advisory, 20050703-01-U, July 15, 2005</p> <p>Debian Security Advisory, DSA-757-1, July 17, 2005</p> <p><a href="#">US-CERT VU#885830</a></p> <p><a href="#">US-CERT VU#623332</a></p> <p><a href="#">US-CERT VU#259798</a></p> <p>Conectiva Linux Advisory, CLSA-2005 :993, August 8, 2005</p> <p>Sun(sm) Alert Notification Sun Alert ID: 101810, August 29, 2005</p> <p>RedHat Security Advisory, RHSA-2005:562-15, Updated October 5, 2005</p> <p><b>Ubuntu Security Notice, USN-224-1, December 06, 2005</b></p>
<p>Multiple Vendors</p> <p>Ubuntu Linux 4.1 ppc, ia64, ia32; Linux kernel 2.6.8, rc1&amp;rc2</p>	<p>A remote Denial of Service vulnerability has been reported when handling UDP packets received by SNMPD due to a NULL pointer dereference.</p> <p>Ubuntu: <a href="http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/">http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/</a></p> <p><b>Mandriva:</b> <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a></p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.</p>	<p>Linux Kernel SNMP Handler Remote Denial of Service</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-2548</a></p>	<p>Low</p>	<p>Ubuntu Security Notice, USN-169-1, August 19, 2005</p> <p><b>Mandriva Linux Security Advisory, MDKSA-2005:219, November 30, 2005</b></p>

Multiple Vendors  Ubuntu Linux 4.1 ppc, ia64, ia32; Linux kernel 2.6-2.6.8	<p>A Denial of Service vulnerability has been reported due to a resource leak when handling POSIX timers in the 'exec()' function.</p> <p>Upgrades available at: <a href="http://www.kernel.org/pub/linux/kernel/v2.6/linux-2.6.9.tar.bz2">http://www.kernel.org/pub/linux/kernel/v2.6/linux-2.6.9.tar.bz2</a></p> <p>Ubuntu: <a href="http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/">http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/</a></p> <p><b>Mandriva:</b> <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a></p> <p><b>SUSE:</b> <a href="ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/">ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/</a></p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.</p>	Linux Kernel Resource Leak Denial of Service  <a href="#">CVE-2005-3271</a>	Low	<p>Ubuntu Security Notice, USN-219-1, November 22, 2005</p> <p><b>Mandriva Linux Security Advisories, MDKSA-2005:218 &amp; 219, November 30, 2005</b></p> <p><b>SUSE Security Announcement, SUSE-SA:2005:067, December 6, 2005</b></p>
Multiple Vendors  Ubuntu Linux 5.0 4 powerpc, i386, amd64, 4.1 ppc, ia64, ia32; Linux kernel 2.6.10, rc2, 2.6.8, rc1	<p>A remote Denial of Service vulnerability has been reported in the kernel driver for compressed ISO file systems when attempting to mount a malicious compressed ISO image.</p> <p>Ubuntu: <a href="http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/">http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/</a></p> <p>SUSE: <a href="ftp://ftp.SUSE.com/pub/SUSE">ftp://ftp.SUSE.com/pub/SUSE</a></p> <p><b>Mandriva:</b> <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a></p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.</p>	Linux Kernel ISO File System Remote Denial of Service  <a href="#">CVE-2005-2457</a>	Low	<p>Ubuntu Security Notice, USN-169-1, August 19, 2005</p> <p>SUSE Security Announcement, SUSE-SA:2005:050, September 1, 2005</p> <p><b>Mandriva Linux Security Advisory, MDKSA-2005:218, November 30, 2005</b></p>
Multiple Vendors  Ubuntu Linux 5.0 4 powerpc, i386, amd64, 4.1 ppc, ia64, ia32; Trustix Secure Linux 3.0, 2.2, Trustix Secure Enterprise Linux 2.0; SuSE Novell Linux Desktop 9.0, Linux Professional 9.3 x86_64, 9.3, 9.2 x86_64, 9.2, 9.1 x86_64, 9.1, Linux Personal 9.3 x86_64, 9.3, 9.2 x86_64, 9.2, 9.1 x86_64, 9.1, Linux Enterprise Server 9; Linux kernel 2.6-2.6.12 .4	<p>A Denial of Service vulnerability has been reported due to a failure to handle exceptional conditions.</p> <p>Upgrades available at: <a href="http://www.kernel.org/pub/linux/kernel/v2.6/linux-2.6.12.5.tar.gz">http://www.kernel.org/pub/linux/kernel/v2.6/linux-2.6.12.5.tar.gz</a></p> <p>Ubuntu: <a href="http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/">http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/</a></p> <p>SUSE: <a href="ftp://ftp.SUSE.com/pub/SUSE">ftp://ftp.SUSE.com/pub/SUSE</a></p> <p>Trustix: <a href="http://http.trustix.org/pub/trustix/updates/">http://http.trustix.org/pub/trustix/updates/</a></p> <p>Mandriva: <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a></p> <p><b>Mandriva:</b> <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a></p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.</p>	Linux Kernel ZLib Invalid Memory Access Denial of Service  <a href="#">CVE-2005-2458</a>	Low	<p>SUSE Security Announcement, SUSE-SA:2005:050, September 1, 2005</p> <p>Trustix Secure Linux Security Advisory, TSLSA-2005-0043, September 2, 2005</p> <p>Mandriva Linux Security Update Advisory, MDKSA-2005:171, October 3, 2005</p> <p><b>Mandriva Linux Security Advisories, MDKSA-2005:219 &amp; 220, November 30, 2005</b></p>
Multiple Vendors  Ubuntu Linux 5.0 4, i386, amd64, 4.1 ppc, ia64, ia32; Linux kernel 2.6-2.6.13	<p>A Denial of Service vulnerability has been reported in the '/proc/scsi/sg/devices' file due to a memory leak.</p> <p>Ubuntu: <a href="http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/">http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/</a></p> <p><b>Mandriva:</b> <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a></p>	Linux Kernel SCSI ProcFS Denial of Service  <a href="#">CVE-2005-2800</a>	Low	<p>Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 14790, September 9, 2005</p> <p>Ubuntu Security Notice, USN-178-1, September 09, 2005</p> <p><b>Mandriva Linux Security Advisories,</b></p>

A Proof of Concept exploit has been published.

Multiple Vendors  Ubuntu Linux 5.10 powerpc, i386, amd64, 5.0 4 powerpc, i386, amd64, 4.1 ppc, ia64, ia32; IBM HTTP Server 2.0.47.1, 2.0.47, 2.0.42.2, 2.0.42.1, 2.0.42; Apache 2.0.28-2.0.54, 2.0 a9, 2.0	<p>A remote Denial of Service vulnerability has been reported in 'worker.c' due to a memory leak.</p> <p>Apache: <a href="http://www.apache.org/dist/httpd/Announcement2.0.html">http://www.apache.org/dist/httpd/Announcement2.0.html</a></p> <p>Ubuntu: <a href="http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/a/apache2/">http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/a/apache2/</a></p> <p>IBM: <a href="http://www-1.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?rs=0&amp;uid=swg24010709">http://www-1.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?rs=0&amp;uid=swg24010709</a></p> <p>There is no exploit code required.</p>	Apache MPM 'Worker.C' Remote Denial of Service  <a href="#">CVE-2005-2970</a>	Low	<p>Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15762, December 7, 2005</p> <p>Ubuntu Security Notice, USN-225-1, December 06, 2005</p>
Multiple Vendors  Ubuntu Linux 5.10 powerpc, i386, amd64, 5.0 4 powerpc, i386, amd64, 4.1 ppc, ia64, ia32; Netpbm 10.0, 9.20 -9.25; libpng pnmtopng 2.38, 2.37.3-2.37.6; Debian Linux 3.1, sparc, s/390, ppc, mipsel, mips, m68k, ia-64, ia-32, hppa, arm, amd64, alpha, 3.0, sparc, s/390, ppc, mipsel, mips, m68k, ia-64, ia-32, hppa, arm, alpha	<p>A buffer overflow vulnerability has been reported due to insufficient bounds checking of user-supplied data prior to copying it to an insufficiently sized memory buffer, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary code.</p> <p>libpng: <a href="http://prdownloads.sourceforge.net/png-mng/pnmtopng-2.39.tar.gz?download">http://prdownloads.sourceforge.net/png-mng/pnmtopng-2.39.tar.gz?download</a></p> <p>Debian: <a href="http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/n/netpbm-free/">http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/n/netpbm-free/</a></p> <p>Ubuntu: <a href="http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/n/netpbm-free/">http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/n/netpbm-free/</a></p> <p><b>Mandriva:</b> <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a></p> <p><b>SUSE:</b> <a href="ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/">ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/</a></p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.</p>	<p>NetPBM PNMTOPNG Remote Buffer Overflow</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-3632</a></p>	High	<p>Debian Security Advisory DSA 904-1, November 21, 2005</p> <p>Ubuntu Security Notice, USN-218-1 November 21, 2005</p> <p><b>Mandriva Linux Security Advisory, MDKSA-2005:217, November 30, 2005</b></p> <p><b>SUSE Security Summary Report Announcement, SUSE-SR:2005:028, December 2, 2005</b></p>
Multiple Vendors  Ubuntu Linux 5.10 powerpc, i386, amd64; Linux kernel 2.6-2.6.12 .3	<p>An information disclosure vulnerability has been reported in 'SYS_GET_THREAD _AREA,' which could let a malicious user obtain sensitive information.</p> <p>Kernel versions 2.6.12.4 and 2.6.13 are not affected by this issue.</p> <p>Ubuntu: <a href="http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/">http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/</a></p> <p><b>Mandriva:</b> <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a></p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.</p>	<p>Linux Kernel Information Disclosure</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-3276</a></p>	Medium	<p>Ubuntu Security Notice, USN-219-1, November 22, 2005</p> <p><b>Mandriva Linux Security Advisories, MDKSA-2005:218, 219 &amp; 220, November 30, 2005</b></p>

<p>Multiple Vendors</p> <p>Webmin 0.88 -1.230, 0.85, 0.76-0.80, 0.51, 0.42, 0.41, 0.31, 0.22, 0.21, 0.8.5 Red Hat, 0.8.4, 0.8.3, 0.1-0.7; Usermin 1.160, 1.150, 1.140, 1.130, 1.120, 1.110, 1.0, 0.9-0.99, 0.4-0.8; Larry Wall Perl 5.8.3-5.8.7, 5.8.1, 5.8 .0-88.3, 5.8, 5.6.1, 5.6, 5.0 05_003, 5.0 05, 5.0 04_05, 5.0 04_04, 5.0 04, 5.0 03</p>	<p>A format string vulnerability has been reported in 'Perl_sv_vcatpvfnl' due to a failure to properly handle format specifiers in formatted printing functions, which could let a remote malicious user cause a Denial of Service.</p> <p><b>Fedora:</b>  <a href="http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/core/updates">http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/core/updates</a></p> <p><b>OpenPKG:</b>  <a href="http://www.openpkg.org/security.html">http://www.openpkg.org/security.html</a></p> <p><b>Mandriva:</b>  <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a></p> <p><b>Ubuntu:</b>  <a href="http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/p/perl/">http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/p/perl/</a></p> <p><b>Gentoo:</b>  <a href="http://security.gentoo.org/glsa/glsa-200512-01.xml">http://security.gentoo.org/glsa/glsa-200512-01.xml</a>  <a href="http://security.gentoo.org/glsa/glsa-200512-02.xml">http://security.gentoo.org/glsa/glsa-200512-02.xml</a></p> <p>An exploit has been published.</p>	<p>Perl 'miniserv.pl' script Format String</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-3912</a>  <a href="#">CVE-2005-3962</a></p>	<p>Low</p>	<p>Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15629, November 29, 2005</p> <p><b>Fedora Update Notifications, FEDORA-2005-1113, 1116, &amp; 1117, December 1 &amp; 2, 2005</b></p> <p><b>OpenPKG Security Advisory, OpenPKG-SA-2005.025, December 3, 2005</b></p> <p><b>Mandriva Linux Security Advisory, MDKSA-2005:223, December 2, 2005</b></p> <p><b>Ubuntu Security Notice, USN-222-1 December 02, 2005, December 2, 2005</b></p> <p><b>Gentoo Linux Security Advisory, GLSA 200512-01 &amp; 200512-02, December 7, 2005</b></p> <p><a href="#">US-CERT VU#948385</a></p>
<p>Opera Software</p> <p>Opera Web Browser 8.5, 8.0-8.0 2</p>	<p>A vulnerability has been reported due to insufficient sanitization of user-supplied data passed through a URI, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary code.</p> <p>Upgrades available at:  <a href="http://www.opera.com/download/">http://www.opera.com/download/</a></p> <p><b>SUSE:</b>  <a href="ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/">ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/</a></p> <p>There is no exploit code required.</p>	<p>Opera Web Browser Arbitrary Command Execution</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-3750</a></p>	<p>High</p>	<p>Secunia Advisory: SA16907, November 22, 2005</p> <p><b>SUSE Security Summary Report Announcement, SUSE-SR:2005:028, December 2, 2005</b></p>
<p>phpMyAdmin</p> <p>phpMyAdmin 2.6 .0-2.6.3, 2.5 .0-2.5.7, 2.4 .0, 2.3.2, 2.3.1, 2.2 -2.2.6, 2.1-2.1 .2, 2.0-2.0.5</p>	<p>Several vulnerabilities have been reported: a Cross-Site Scripting vulnerability has been reported in 'libraries/auth/cookie.auth.lib.php' due to insufficient sanitization, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary HTML and script code; and a Cross-Site Scripting vulnerability has been reported in 'error.php' due to insufficient sanitization of the 'error' parameter, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary HTML and script code.</p> <p>Upgrades available at:  <a href="http://sourceforge.net/project/showfiles.php?group_id=23067">http://sourceforge.net/project/showfiles.php?group_id=23067</a></p> <p>Debian:  <a href="http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/p/phpmyadmin/">http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/p/phpmyadmin/</a></p> <p><b>SUSE:</b>  <a href="ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/">ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/</a></p> <p>There is no exploit code required; however, a Proof of Concept exploit has been published.</p>	<p>PHPMyAdmin Cross-Site Scripting</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-2869</a></p>	<p>Medium</p>	<p>Secunia Advisory: SA16605, August 29, 2005</p> <p>Debian Security Advisory, DSA 880-1, November 2, 2005</p> <p>SUSE Security Summary Report, SUSE-SR:2005:025, November 4, 2005</p> <p>SUSE Security Announcement, SUSE-SA:2005:066, November 18, 2005</p> <p><b>SUSE Security Summary Report, SUSE-SR:2005:028, December 2, 2005</b></p>
<p>phpMyAdmin</p> <p>phpMyAdmin 2.7 .0-beta1, 2.7</p>	<p>A vulnerability has been reported in the register_globals emulation layer in 'grab_globals.php' because the 'import_blacklist' variable is not properly protected, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary HTML and script code and include arbitrary files.</p> <p>Upgrades available at:  <a href="http://prdownloads.sourceforge.net">http://prdownloads.sourceforge.net</a></p>	<p>PHPMyAdmin 'Import_Blacklist' Variable Overwrite</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-4079</a></p>	<p>Medium</p>	<p>Secunia Advisory: SA17925, December 7, 2005</p>

	<a href="#">net/phpmyadmin/phpMyAdmin-2.7.0-pl1.tar.gz</a>  There is no exploit code required.			
phpMyAdmin  phpMyAdmin 2.x	<p>Several vulnerabilities have been reported: a vulnerability was reported due to insufficient verification of certain configuration parameters, which could let a remote malicious user include arbitrary files; and a Cross-Site Scripting vulnerability was reported in 'left.php,' 'queryframe.php,' and 'server_databases.php' due to insufficient sanitization of unspecified input, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary HTML and script code.</p> <p>Upgrades available at:  <a href="http://prdownloads.sourceforge.net/phpmyadmin/phpMyAdmin-2.6.4-pl3.tar.gz">http://prdownloads.sourceforge.net/phpmyadmin/phpMyAdmin-2.6.4-pl3.tar.gz</a></p> <p>Gentoo:  <a href="http://security.gentoo.org/glsa/glsa-200510-21.xml">http://security.gentoo.org/glsa/glsa-200510-21.xml</a></p> <p>Debian:  <a href="http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/p/phpmyadmin/">http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/p/phpmyadmin/</a></p> <p><b>SUSE:</b>  <a href="ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/">ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/</a></p> <p>There is no exploit code required; however, a Proof of Concept exploit has been published.</p>	phpMyAdmin Local File Inclusion & Cross-Site Scripting  <a href="#">CVE-2005-3300</a> <a href="#">CVE-2005-3301</a>	Medium	Secunia Advisory: SA17289, October 24, 2005  Gentoo Linux Security Advisory, GLSA 200510-21, October 25, 2005  Debian Security Advisory, DSA 880-1, November 2, 2005  SUSE Security Summary Report, SUSE-SR:2005:025, November 4, 2005  SUSE Security Announcement, SUSE-SA:2005:066, November 18, 2005  <b>SUSE Security Summary Report, SUSE-SR:2005:028, December 2, 2005</b>
SAMEDIA  LandShop 0.6.3	<p>SQL injection vulnerabilities have been reported in 'ls.php' due to insufficient sanitization of the 'start,' 'search_order,' 'search_type,' 'search_area,' and 'keyword' parameters before using in an SQL query, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary SQL code.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required; however, Proof of Concept exploit scripts have been published.</p>	SAMEDIA Landshop Multiple SQL Injection  <a href="#">CVE-2005-4018</a>	Medium	Secunia Advisory: SA17843, December 5, 2005
Sun Microsystems, Inc.  Java System Messaging Server 6 2005Q1	<p>A vulnerability has been reported in the Communications Services Delegated Administrator due to an unspecified error, which could let a remote malicious user obtain sensitive information.</p> <p>Patch information available at:  <a href="http://sunsolve.sun.com/searchproxy/document.do?assetkey=1-26-102068-1">http://sunsolve.sun.com/searchproxy/document.do?assetkey=1-26-102068-1</a></p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.</p>	Sun Communications Services Delegated Administrator Default Password Disclosure  <a href="#">CVE-2005-4045</a>	Medium	Sun(sm) Alert Notification, Sun Alert ID: 102068, December 5, 2005
SuSE  SuSE Linux Professional 9.0, x86_64, Linux Personal 9.0, x86_64	<p>A remote Denial of Service vulnerability has been reported in the squid proxy when handling specially crafted HTTPs data.</p> <p><b>SUSE:</b>  <a href="ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/">ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/</a></p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.</p>	SUSE Linux Squid Proxy SSL Handling Remote Denial of Service  <a href="#">CVE-2005-3322</a>	Low	SUSE Security Summary Report, Announcement ID: SUSE-SR:2005:024, October 21, 2005  <b>SUSE Security Summary Report, SUSE-SR:2005:028, December 2, 2005</b>
Sylpheed  Sylpheed 2.0-2.0.3, 1.0.0-1.0.5	<p>A buffer overflow vulnerability has been reported in 'ldif.c' due to a boundary error in the 'ldif_get_line()' function when importing a LDIF file into the address book, which could let a remote malicious user obtain unauthorized access.</p> <p>Upgrades available at:  <a href="http://sylpheed.good-day.net/sylpheed/v1.0/sylpheed-1.0.6.tar.gz">http://sylpheed.good-day.net/sylpheed/v1.0/sylpheed-1.0.6.tar.gz</a></p> <p>Fedora:</p>	Sylpheed LDIF Import Buffer Overflow  <a href="#">CVE-2005-3354</a>	Medium	Bugtraq ID: 15363, November 9, 2005  Fedora Update Notification, FEDORA-2005-1063, November 9, 2005  Gentoo Linux Security Advisory, GLSA 200511-13, November 15, 2005

	<a href="http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/core/updates/3/">http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/core/updates/3/</a>  Gentoo: <a href="http://security.gentoo.org/glsa/glsa-200511-13.xml">http://security.gentoo.org/glsa/glsa-200511-13.xml</a>  Debian: <a href="http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/s/sylpheed/">http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/s/sylpheed/</a>  Debian: <a href="http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/s/sylpheed-claws/">http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/s/sylpheed-claws/</a>  <b>SUSE:</b> <a href="ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/">ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/</a>  Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.			Debian Security Advisory, DSA 906-1, November 22, 2005  Debian Security Advisory, DSA 908-1, November 23, 2005  <b>SUSE Security Summary Report, SUSE-SR:2005:028, December 2, 2005</b>
The Open Group  Open Motif 2.2.3	Two buffer overflow vulnerabilities have been reported in libUil (User Interface Language): a buffer overflow vulnerability was reported in 'diag_issue_diagnostic()' due to the use of the vsprintf() libc procedure, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary code; and a vulnerability was reported in 'open_source_file()' due to the use of the strcpy() libc procedure, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary code.  No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.  Currently we are not aware of any exploits for these vulnerabilities.	Open Motif libUil Buffer Overflows  <a href="#">CVE-2005-3964</a>	High	Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15678, December 2, 2005
University of Washington  UW-imapd imap-2004c1	A buffer overflow has been reported in UW-imapd that could let remote malicious users cause a Denial of Service or execute arbitrary code.  Upgrade to version imap-2004g: <a href="ftp://ftp.cac.washington.edu/imap/">ftp://ftp.cac.washington.edu/imap/</a>  Trustix: <a href="http://http.trustix.org/pub/trustix/updates/">http://http.trustix.org/pub/trustix/updates/</a>  Debian: <a href="http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/u/uw-imap/">http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/u/uw-imap/</a>  Gentoo: <a href="http://security.gentoo.org/glsa/glsa-200510-10.xml">http://security.gentoo.org/glsa/glsa-200510-10.xml</a>  <b>SUSE:</b> <a href="ftp://ftp.SUSE.com/pub/SUSE">ftp://ftp.SUSE.com/pub/SUSE</a>  Mandriva: <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a>  Slackware: <a href="ftp://ftp.slackware.com/pub/slackware/">ftp://ftp.slackware.com/pub/slackware/</a>  Conectiva: <a href="ftp://atualizacoes.conectiva.com.br/10/">ftp://atualizacoes.conectiva.com.br/10/</a>  <b>RedHat:</b> <a href="http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-848.html">http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-848.html</a>	UW-imapd Denial of Service and Arbitrary Code Execution  <a href="#">CVE-2005-2933</a>	High	Secunia, Advisory: SA17062, October 5, 2005  Trustix Secure Linux Security Advisory, TSLSA-2005-0055, October 7, 2005  Debian Security Advisory, DSA 861-1, October 11, 2005  Gentoo Linux Security Advisory, GLSA 200510-10, October 11, 2005  <a href="#">US-CERT VU#933601</a>  SUSE Security Summary Report, SUSE-SR:2005:023, October 14, 2005  Mandriva Linux Security Update Advisory, MDKSA-2005:189 & 194, October 21 & 26, 2005  Slackware Security Advisory, SSA:2005-310-06, November 7, 2005  Conectiva Linux Announcement, CLSA-2005:1046, November 21, 2005  <b>RedHat Security Advisory, RHSA-2005:848-6 &amp; 850-5, December 6, 2005</b>



<http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-850.html>

Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.

[\[back to top\]](#)

## Multiple Operating Systems - Windows / UNIX / Linux / Other

Vendor & Software Name	Vulnerability - Impact Patches - Workarounds Attack Scripts	Common Name / CVE Reference	Risk	Source
1-Script 1-Search 1.8	A Cross-Site Scripting vulnerability has been reported in '1search.cgi' due to insufficient sanitization of the 'q' parameter before returning to the user, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary HTML and script code.  No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.  There is no exploit code required; however, a Proof of Concept exploit has been published.	1-Script 1-Search Cross-Site Scripting  <a href="#">CVE-2005-4091</a>	Medium	Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15712, December 5, 2005
88Script Event Calendar 2.0	An SQL injection vulnerability has been reported in 'index.php' due to insufficient sanitization of the 'm' parameter before using in an SQL query, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary SQL code.  No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.  There is no exploit code required; however, a Proof of Concept exploit has been published.	88Scripts Event Calendar Index.PHP SQL Injection  <a href="#">CVE-2005-3933</a>	Medium	Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15658, November 30, 2005
Alisveristr E-commerce	SQL injection vulnerabilities have been reported in the commerce login due to insufficient sanitization of user-supplied input before using in an SQL query, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary SQL code.  No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.  There is no exploit code required; however a Proof of Concept exploit has been published.	Alisveristr E-Multiple SQL Injection  <a href="#">CVE-2005-4081</a>	Medium	Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15699, December 3, 2005
All Time Flash Dreamer FileLister 0.51	A Cross-Site Scripting vulnerability has been reported in 'definesearch.jsp' due to insufficient sanitization of the 'searchwhat' parameter before returning to the user, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary HTML and script code.  No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.  There is no exploit code required.	FileLister Cross-Site Scripting  <a href="#">CVE-2005-4040</a>	Medium	Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15706, December 5, 2005

Apple QuickTime Player 7.0.3, iTunes 6.0.1	<p>A heap-based overflow vulnerability has been reported which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary code.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.</p>	Apple Quicktime/ iTunes Heap Overflow  <a href="#">CVE-2005-4092</a>	High	Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15732, December 6, 2005
Atlantis Knowledge Base  Atlantis Knowledge Base 3.0	<p>An SQL injection vulnerability has been reported due to insufficient sanitization of the 'searchStr' parameter when performing a search before using in an SQL query, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary SQL code.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required.</p>	Atlantis Knowledge Base Software SQL Injection  <a href="#">CVE-2005-3881</a>	Medium	Security Focus Bugtraq ID: 15654, November 30, 2005
Atlassian Software Systems  Atlassian Confluence 2.0.1 build 321	<p>A Cross-Site Scripting vulnerability has been reported due to insufficient sanitization of the 'searchQuery' parameter when performing a search before returning to the user, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary HTML and script code.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required.</p>	Atlassian Confluence Cross-Site Scripting  <a href="#">CVE-2005-3994</a>	Medium	Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15688, December 2, 2005
Avaya  Avaya TN2602AP IP Media Resource 320 vintage 3-vintage7	<p>A remote Denial of Service vulnerability has been reported due to an unspecified error.</p> <p>Upgrades available at: <a href="http://support.avaya.com/japple/css/japple?temp_documentID=236667&amp;temp_productID=136527&amp;temp_releaseID=228560&amp;temp_bucketID=108025&amp;PAGE=Document#TN2602">http://support.avaya.com/japple/css/japple?temp_documentID=236667&amp;temp_productID=136527&amp;temp_releaseID=228560&amp;temp_bucketID=108025&amp;PAGE=Document#TN2602</a></p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.</p>	Avaya TN2602AP IP Media Resource 320 Remote Denial of Service  <a href="#">CVE-2005-3989</a>	Low	Avaya Security Advisory, ASA-2005-231, November 30, 2005
Check Point Software  SecureClient NG with Application Intelligence R56, SecureClient NG FP1, 4.1, 4.0	<p>A vulnerability has been reported due to a failure to securely implement remote administrator-provided policies, which could let a remote malicious user bypass security policies.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required; however, a Proof of Concept exploit has been published.</p>	Check Point VPN-1 SecureClient Policy Bypass  <a href="#">CVE-2005-4093</a>	Medium	Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15757, December 7, 2005

<p>Cisco Systems</p> <p>Firewall Services Module (FWSM) 1.x, 2.x, IOS 12.x, IOS R12.x, PIX 4.x, 5.x, 6.x, 7.x, Cisco SAN-OS 1.x (MDS 9000 Switches), 2.x (MDS 9000 Switches), VPN 3000 Concentrator</p>	<p>A remote Denial of Service vulnerability has been reported due to errors in the processing of IKEv1 Phase 1 protocol exchange messages.</p> <p>Patch information available at: <a href="http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sa-20051114-ipsec.shtml">http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sa-20051114-ipsec.shtml</a></p> <p>Rev 1.5: Updated Cisco IOS Products table.</p> <p><b>Rev 1.6: Updated Additional Details for Cisco IOS section. Updated Cisco IOS section.</b></p> <p>Vulnerability can be reproduced with the PROTOS IPSec Test Suite.</p>	<p>Cisco IPSec IKE Traffic Remote Denial of Service</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-3669</a></p>	<p>Low</p>	<p>Cisco Security Advisory, Document ID: 68158, November 14, 2005</p> <p>Cisco Security Advisory, Document ID: 68158, Rev 1.5, November 29, 2005</p> <p><b>Cisco Security Advisory, Document ID: 68158, Rev 1.6, December 6, 2005</b></p>
<p>Cisco Systems</p> <p>IOS 12.0 (2a)</p>	<p>An HTTP injection vulnerability has been reported in the '/level/14/exec/buffers/assigned/' and '/level/14/exec/buffers/all' scripts, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary HTML and script code.</p> <p><b>Workaround information available at:</b> <a href="http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sa-20051201-http.shtml">http://www.cisco.com/warp/public/707/cisco-sa-20051201-http.shtml</a></p> <p>There is no exploit code required; however, a Proof of Concept exploit has been published.</p>	<p>Cisco IOS HTTP Service HTML Injection</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-3921</a></p>	<p>Medium</p>	<p>Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15602, November 28, 2005</p> <p><b>Cisco Security Advisory, cisco-sa-20051201-http, December 1, 2005</b></p>
<p>DoceboLMS</p> <p>DoceboLMS 2.0.4</p>	<p>Several vulnerabilities have been reported: a Directory Traversal vulnerability was reported in the 'connector.php' script due to insufficient validation of the 'Type' parameter, which could let a remote malicious user obtain sensitive information; and an input validation vulnerability was reported in the file upload handling due to insufficient verification of the file extension of valid images, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary PHP code.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required; however, a Proof of Concept exploit script has been published.</p>	<p>DoceboLMS Directory Traversal &amp; File Upload</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-4094</a> <a href="#">CVE-2005-4095</a></p>	<p>High</p>	<p>Security Tracker Alert ID: 1015308, December 5, 2005</p>
<p>Dotclear</p> <p>Dotclear 1.2.2, 1.2.1</p>	<p>An SQL injection vulnerability has been reported in 'session.php' due to insufficient sanitization of '/inc/session.php' before using in an SQL query, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary SQL code.</p> <p>Upgrades available at: <a href="http://www.dotclear.net/download/dotclear-1.2.3.tar.gz">http://www.dotclear.net/download/dotclear-1.2.3.tar.gz</a></p> <p>There is no exploit code required; however, a Proof of Concept exploit has been published.</p>	<p>DotClear SQL Injection</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-3963</a></p>	<p>Medium</p>	<p>Zone-H Research Team Security Advisory, ZRCSA-200504, November 30, 2005</p>

<p>Drupal</p> <p>Drupal 4.6-4.6.3, 4.5-4.5.5</p>	<p>Multiple vulnerabilities have been reported: an input validation vulnerability was reported when filtering HTML code, which could let a remote malicious user inject arbitrary JavaScript code; an input validation vulnerability was reported due to an error in the attachment handling, which could let a remote malicious user upload a malicious image and inject arbitrary HTTP headers; and a vulnerability was reported in the 'access user profile' permission can a remote malicious user can bypass it.</p> <p>Upgrades available at: <a href="http://drupal.org/files/projects/drupal-4.5.6.tar.gz">http://drupal.org/files/projects/drupal-4.5.6.tar.gz</a></p> <p>There is no exploit code required.</p>	<p>Drupal Multiple Vulnerabilities</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-3973</a> <a href="#">CVE-2005-3974</a> <a href="#">CVE-2005-3975</a></p>	<p>Medium</p>	<p>Secunia Advisory: SA17824, December 1, 2005</p>
<p>DUware</p> <p>DUportal Pro 3.4.3</p>	<p>A Cross-Site Scripting vulnerability has been reported in 'password.asp' due to insufficient sanitization of the 'result' parameter before returning to the user, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary HTML and script code.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required; however, a Proof of Concept exploit has been published.</p>	<p>DuWare DuPortalPro Cross-Site Scripting</p>	<p>Medium</p>	<p>Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15731, December 6, 2005</p>
<p>e107.org</p> <p>e107 website system 0.617-0.6172, 0.616, 0.603, 0.555 Beta, 0.554, 0.545, 0.610-0.615a</p>	<p>Several vulnerabilities have been reported: a vulnerability was reported due to the way an unverified user supplied argument is used to redirect a user after the user has submitted a file download rating, which could let a remote malicious user redirected users to an untrusted (fake) site; and a vulnerability was reported due to the way users are prevented from submitting multiple ratings for a file download, which could let a remote malicious user bypass security restrictions and submit multiple votes.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required; however, a Proof of Concept exploit has been published.</p>	<p>e107 Website System Redirection &amp; Voting Manipulation</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-4051</a> <a href="#">CVE-2005-4052</a></p>	<p>Medium</p>	<p>Secunia Advisory: SA17890, December 5, 2005</p>
<p>efiction Project</p> <p>efiction 2.0, 1.1, 1.0</p>	<p>Multiple vulnerabilities have been reported: a vulnerability was reported in 'titles.php' due to insufficient sanitization of the 'let' parameter before returning to the user, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary HTML and script code; an SQL injection vulnerability was reported due to insufficient sanitization of user-supplied input before using in an SQL query, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary SQL code; a vulnerability was reported in the 'Manage Images' functionality due to an</p>	<p>eFiction Input Validation</p>	<p>Medium</p>	<p>Secunia Advisory: SA17777, November 28, 2005</p> <p><b>Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15568, December 6, 2005</b></p>

	<p>input validation error, which could let a remote malicious user upload valid images with an arbitrary file extension inside the web root; and a vulnerability was reported in 'phpinfo.php' because a remote malicious user can obtain sensitive information.</p> <p><b>The vendor has released a fix to resolve these issues.</b></p> <p>There is no exploit code required; however, Proof of Concept exploits and an exploit script have been published.</p>			
<p>Extreme Corporate</p> <p>Extreme Search Corporate Edition 6.0</p>	<p>A Cross-Site Scripting vulnerability has been reported in 'extremesearch.php' due to insufficient sanitization of the 'search' before returning to the user, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary HTML and script code.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required; however, a Proof of Concept exploit has been published.</p>	<p>Extreme Corporate Cross-Site Scripting</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-3972</a></p>	Medium	<p>Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15675, December 1, 2005</p>
<p>FaqRing</p> <p>FaqRing 3.0</p>	<p>An SQL injection vulnerability has been reported in 'answer.php' due to insufficient sanitization of the 'id' parameter before using in an SQL query, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary SQL code.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required; however, a Proof of Concept exploit has been published.</p>	<p>FAQRing SQL Injection</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-3882</a></p>	Medium	<p>Secunia Advisory: SA17811, November 30, 2005</p>
<p>FastJar</p> <p>FastJar 0.93</p>	<p>A Directory Traversal vulnerability has been reported due to an input validation error when extracting compressed '.jar' archives, which could let a remote malicious user obtain sensitive information.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required.</p>	<p>FastJar Archive Extraction Directory Traversal</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-3990</a></p>	Medium	<p>Secunia Advisory: SA17839, December 1, 2005</p>
<p>FFmpeg</p> <p>FFmpeg 0.4.9 -pre1, 0.4.6-0.4.8, FFmpeg CVS</p>	<p>A buffer overflow vulnerability has been reported in the 'avcodec_default_get_buffer()' function of 'utils.c' in libavcodec due to a boundary error, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary code.</p> <p>Patches available at: <a href="http://www1.mplayerhq.hu/cgi-bin/cvsweb.cgi/ffmpeg/libavcodec/utils.c.diff?cvsroot=FFmpeg&amp;r2=1.162&amp;r1=1.161&amp;f=u">http://www1.mplayerhq.hu/cgi-bin/cvsweb.cgi/ffmpeg/libavcodec/utils.c.diff?cvsroot=FFmpeg&amp;r2=1.162&amp;r1=1.161&amp;f=u</a></p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.</p>	<p>FFmpeg Remote Buffer Overflow</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-4048</a></p>	High	<p>Secunia Advisory: SA17892, December 6, 2005</p>

Globalissa phpYellowTM Pro 5.33, phpYellowTM Lite 5.33	<p>SQL injection vulnerabilities have been reported in 'search_result.php' due to insufficient sanitization of the 'haystack' parameter and in 'print_me.php' due to insufficient sanitization of the 'ckey' parameter before using in an SQL query, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary SQL code.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required; however a Proof of Concept exploit has been published.</p>	<p>PHPYellowTM Multiple SQL Injection</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-4001</a></p>	Medium	Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15700, December 3, 2005
Hobosworld HobSR	<p>SQL injection vulnerabilities have been reported in 'view.php' due to insufficient sanitization of the 'arrange' parameter before using in an SQL query, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary SQL code.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required; however, a Proof of Concept exploit has been published.</p>	<p>Hobosworld HobSR Multiple SQL Injection</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-4043</a></p>	Medium	Secunia Advisory: SA17884, December 5, 2005
Horde IMP 4.0-4.0.4, 3.2-3.2.5, 3.1.2, 3.1, 3.0, 2.3, 2.2-2.2.8, 2.0	<p>An HTML injection vulnerability has been reported due to insufficient sanitization of user-supplied input before using in dynamically generated content, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary HTML and script code.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required; however, a Proof of Concept exploit script has been published.</p>	<p>Horde IMP Email Attachments HTML Injection</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-4080</a></p>	Medium	Security Tracker Alert ID: 1015315, December 6, 2005
Horde Project Horde 2.2-2.2.8	<p>A Cross-Site Scripting vulnerability has been reported due to insufficient sanitization of unspecified parameters before returning to the user in error messages, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary HTML and script code.</p> <p>Upgrades available at: <a href="ftp://ftp.horde.org/pub/horde/horde-2.2.9.tar.gz">ftp://ftp.horde.org/pub/horde/horde-2.2.9.tar.gz</a></p> <p>Gentoo: <a href="http://security.gentoo.org/glsa/glsa-200511-20.xml">http://security.gentoo.org/glsa/glsa-200511-20.xml</a></p> <p>Debian: <a href="http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/h/horde2/">http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/h/horde2/</a></p> <p>There is no exploit code required.</p>	<p>Horde Error Message Cross-Site Scripting</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-3570</a></p>	Medium	<p>Secunia Advisory: SA17468, November 14, 2005</p> <p>Gentoo Linux Security Advisory, GLSA 200511-20, November 22, 2005</p> <p><b>Debian Security Advisory DSA 914-1, December 1, 2005</b></p>



Inkscape Inkscape 0.41	<p>A vulnerability has been reported in 'ps2epsi.sh' due to the insecure creation of a temporary file, which could let a malicious user create/overwrite arbitrary files.</p> <p>Upgrade available at:  <a href="http://citkit.dl.sourceforge.net/sourceforge/inkscape/inkscape-0.42.ta.r.gz">http://citkit.dl.sourceforge.net/sourceforge/inkscape/inkscape-0.42.ta.r.gz</a></p> <p><b>Ubuntu:</b>  <a href="http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/i/inkscape/">http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/i/inkscape/</a></p> <p><b>Debian:</b>  <a href="http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/i/inkscape/">http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/i/inkscape/</a></p> <p>There is no exploit code required.</p>	Inkscape 'ps2epsi.sh' Insecure Temporary File  <a href="#">CVE-2005-3885</a>	Medium	<p>Security Focus 14522, August 9, 2005</p> <p><b>Ubuntu Security Notice, USN-223-1, December 05, 2005</b></p> <p><b>Debian Security Advisory, DSA 916-1, December 7, 2005</b></p>
Instant Photo Gallery  Instant Photo Gallery 1.0	<p>SQL injection vulnerabilities have been reported in 'portfolio.php' due to insufficient sanitization of the 'cat_id' parameter and in 'content.php' due to insufficient sanitization of the 'cid' parameter before using in an SQL query, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary SQL code.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required; however, Proof of Concept exploits have been published.</p>	Instant Photo Gallery SQL Injection  <a href="#">CVE-2005-3986</a>	Medium	Secunia Advisory: SA17841, December 1, 2005
Java Search Engine  Java Search Engine 0.9.34	<p>A Cross-Site Scripting vulnerability has been reported in 'search.jsp' due to insufficient of the 'q' parameter before returning to the user, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary HTML and script code.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required; however a Proof of Concept exploit has been published.</p>	Java Search Engine Cross-Site Scripting  <a href="#">CVE-2005-3966</a>	Medium	Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15687, December 2, 2005
Mambo  Mambo Site Server 4.0.14, 4.0.12 RC1-RC3, BETA & BETA 2, 4.0.10-4.0.12, 4.0	<p>A remote file include vulnerability has been reported due to insufficient sanitization of user-supplied input, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary remote PHP code.</p> <p>The vendor has released a patch addressing this issue. Users are advised to contact the vendor for more information on obtaining the appropriate patch.</p> <p>An exploit script has been published.</p> <p><b>Reports indicate that a bot is propagating in the wild by exploiting this vulnerability.</b></p>	Mambo Open Source Remote File Include  <a href="#">CVE-2005-3738</a>	High	<p>Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15461, November 16, 2005</p> <p>Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15461, November 21, 2005</p> <p>Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15461, November 24, 2005</p> <p><b>Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15461, December 5, 2005</b></p>
MediaWiki  MediaWiki 1.5.0-1.5.2, beta1-beta3,	A vulnerability has been reported in the user language option due to insufficient verification of user-supplied input before used in an 'eval()'	MediaWiki User Language Remote Code Execution	High	<p>Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15703, December 5, 2005</p> <p><a href="#">US-CERT VU#392156</a></p>

alpha1 & alpha2, call, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary PHP code.	<a href="#">CVE-2005-4067</a>			
Upgrades available at: <a href="http://prdownloads.sourceforge.net/wikipedia/mediawiki-1.5.3.tar.gz">http://prdownloads.sourceforge.net/wikipedia/mediawiki-1.5.3.tar.gz</a>				
There is no exploit code required.				
Mr. CGI Guy  Warm Links 1.0, Hot Links SQL 3.1, Hot Links Pro 3.0, Amazon Search Directory 1.0	A Cross-Site Scripting vulnerability has been reported in 'search.cgi' due to insufficient sanitization of the 'search' parameter before returning to the user, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary HTML and script code.	Mr CGI Guy Multiple Software Search.CGI Cross-Site Scripting	Medium	Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15708, December 5, 2005
No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.	<a href="#">CVE-2005-4041</a> <a href="#">CVE-2005-4042</a> <a href="#">CVE-2005-4044</a>			
There is no exploit code required.				
Multiple Vendors  Insyde BIOS V190; AWARD BIOS Modular 4.50 pg	A vulnerability has been reported due to a failure to clear the keyboard buffer after reading the BIOS password during the system startup process, which could let a remote malicious user obtain the BIOS password.	Multiple Vendor BIOS Password Persistence Weakness	Medium	Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15751, December 6, 2005
No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.				
Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.				
Multiple Vendors  Ubuntu Linux 5.10 powerpc, i386, amd64; Inkscape 0.42, 0.41	A buffer overflow vulnerability has been reported in the SVG importer due to a boundary error, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary code.	Inkscape SVG Image Buffer Overflow  <a href="#">CVE-2005-3737</a>	High	Ubuntu Security Notice, USN-217-1, November 21, 2005  Gentoo Linux Security Advisory, GLSA 200511-22, November 28, 2005  <b>SUSE Security Summary Report Announcement, SUSE-SR:2005:028, December 2, 2005</b>  <b>Debian Security Advisory, DSA 916-1, December 7, 2005</b>
Ubuntu: <a href="http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/i/inkscape/">http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/i/inkscape/</a>  Gentoo: <a href="http://security.gentoo.org/glsa/glsa-200511-22.xml">http://security.gentoo.org/glsa/glsa-200511-22.xml</a>  <b>SUSE:</b> <a href="ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/">ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/</a>  <b>Debian:</b> <a href="http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/i/inkscape/">http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/i/inkscape/</a>	A Proof of Concept Denial of Service exploit has been published.			
Multiple Vendors  University of Kansas Lynx 2.8.5 & prior	A vulnerability has been reported in the 'lynxcgi:' URI handler, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary commands.	Lynx URI Handlers Arbitrary Command Execution  <a href="#">CVE-2005-2929</a>	High	Security Tracker Alert ID: 1015195, November 11, 2005  RedHat Security Advisory, RHSA-2005:839-3, November 11, 2005  Mandriva Linux Security Advisory, MDKSA-2005:211, November 12, 2005  Gentoo Linux Security Advisory, GLSA
Upgrades available at: <a href="http://lynx.isc.org/current/lynx2.8.6-dev.15.tar.gz">http://lynx.isc.org/current/lynx2.8.6-dev.15.tar.gz</a>				
RedHat: <a href="http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-839.html">http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-839.html</a>				

	<p>Mandriva: <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a></p> <p>Gentoo: <a href="http://security.gentoo.org/glsa/glsa-200511-09.xml">http://security.gentoo.org/glsa/glsa-200511-09.xml</a></p> <p>Trustix: <a href="http://http.trustix.org/pub/trustix/updates/">http://http.trustix.org/pub/trustix/updates/</a></p> <p>SGI: <a href="ftp://patches.sgi.com/support/free/security/advisories/">ftp://patches.sgi.com/support/free/security/advisories/</a></p> <p><b>OpenPKG:</b> <a href="http://www.openpkg.org/">http://www.openpkg.org/</a></p> <p>There is no exploit code required.</p>		<p>200511-09, November 13, 2005</p> <p>Trustix Secure Linux Security Advisory, TLSA-2005-0066, November 22, 2005</p> <p>SGI Security Advisory, 20051101-01-U, November 29, 2005</p> <p><b>OpenPKG Security Advisory, OpenPKG-SA-2005.026, December 3, 2005</b></p>
Multiple Vendors	<p>Two buffer overflow vulnerabilities have been reported in Telnet: a buffer overflow vulnerability was reported in the 'slc_add_reply()' function when a large number of specially crafted LINEMODE Set Local Character (SLC) commands is submitted, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary code; and a buffer overflow vulnerability was reported in the 'env_opt_add()' function, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary code.</p> <p>ALTLinux: <a href="http://lists.altlinux.ru/pipermail/security-announce/2005-March/000287.html">http://lists.altlinux.ru/pipermail/security-announce/2005-March/000287.html</a></p> <p>Apple: <a href="http://wsidecar.apple.com/cgi-bin/nph-reg3rdpty1.pl/product=05529&amp;platform=osx&amp;method=sa/SecUpd.2005-003Pan.dmg">http://wsidecar.apple.com/cgi-bin/nph-reg3rdpty1.pl/product=05529&amp;platform=osx&amp;method=sa/SecUpd.2005-003Pan.dmg</a></p> <p>Debian: <a href="http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/h/netkit-telnet/">http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/h/netkit-telnet/</a></p> <p>Fedora: <a href="http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/core/updates/">http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/core/updates/</a></p> <p>FreeBSD: <a href="ftp://ftp.FreeBSD.org/pub/FreeBSD/CERT/patches/SA-05:01/">ftp://ftp.FreeBSD.org/pub/FreeBSD/CERT/patches/SA-05:01/</a></p> <p>MIT Kerberos: <a href="http://web.mit.edu/kerberos/advisories/2005-001-patch.1.4.txt">http://web.mit.edu/kerberos/advisories/2005-001-patch.1.4.txt</a></p> <p>Netkit: <a href="ftp://ftp.uk.linux.org/pub/linux/Networking/netkit/">ftp://ftp.uk.linux.org/pub/linux/Networking/netkit/</a></p> <p>Openwall:</p>	<p>Telnet Client 'slc_add_reply()' &amp; 'env_opt_add()' Buffer Overflows</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-0468</a> <a href="#">CVE-2005-0469</a></p>	<p><b>High</b></p> <p>iDEFENSE Security Advisory, March 28, 2005 <a href="#">US-CERT VU#291924</a></p> <p>Mandrakelinux Security Update Advisory, MDKSA-2005:061, March 30, 2005</p> <p>Gentoo Linux Security Advisories, GLSA 200503-36 &amp; GLSA 200504-01, March 31 &amp; April 1, 2005</p> <p>Debian Security Advisory, DSA 703-1, April 1, 2005 <a href="#">US-CERT VU#341908</a></p> <p>Gentoo Linux Security Advisory, GLSA 200504-04, April 6, 2005</p> <p>SGI Security Advisory, 20050401-01-U, April 6, 2005</p> <p>Sun(sm) Alert Notification, 57761, April 7, 2005</p> <p>SCO Security Advisory, SCOSA-2005.21, April 8, 2005</p> <p>Avaya Security Advisory, ASA-2005-088, April 27, 2005</p> <p>Gentoo Linux Security Advisory, GLSA 200504-28, April 28, 2005</p> <p>Turbolinux Security Advisory, TLSA-2005-52, April 28, 2005</p> <p>Sun(sm) Alert Notification, 57761, April 29, 2005</p> <p>SCO Security Advisory, SCOSA-2005.23, May 17, 2005</p>

<p>-RELENG, 4.6 -RELEASE -p20, 4.6 -RELEASE, 4.6, 4.6.2, 4.7 -STABLE, 4.7 -RELENG, 4.7 -RELEASE-p17, 4.7 -RELEASE, 4.7, 4.8 -RELENG, 4.8 -RELEASE-p7, 4.8 -PRE RELEASE, 4.8, 4.9 -RELENG, 4.9 -PRE RELEASE, 4.9, 4.10 -RELENG, 4.10 -RELEASE, 4.10, 4.11 -STABLE, 5.0 -RELENG, 5.0, 5.1 -RELENG, 5.1 -RELEASE-p5, 5.1 -RELEASE, 5.1, 5.2 -RELENG, 5.2 -RELEASE, 5.2, 5.2.1 -RELEASE, 5.3 -STABLE, 5.3 -RELEASE, 5.3, 5.4 -PRE RELEASE; SuSE Linux 7.0, sparc, ppc, i386, alpha, 7.1, x86, sparc, ppc, alpha, 7.2, i386; SGI IRIX 6.5.24-6.5.27</p>	<p><a href="http://www.openwall.com/Owl/CHANGES-current.shtml">http://www.openwall.com/Owl/CHANGES-current.shtml</a></p> <p>RedHat: <a href="http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-327.html">http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-327.html</a></p> <p>Sun: <a href="http://sunsolve.sun.com/search/document.do?assetkey=1-26-57755-1">http://sunsolve.sun.com/search/document.do?assetkey=1-26-57755-1</a></p> <p>SUSE: <a href="ftp://ftp.SUSE.com/pub/SUSE">ftp://ftp.SUSE.com/pub/SUSE</a></p> <p>Ubuntu: <a href="http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/n/netkit-telnet/">http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/n/netkit-telnet/</a></p> <p>OpenBSD: <a href="http://www.openbsd.org/errata.html#telnet">http://www.openbsd.org/errata.html#telnet</a></p> <p>Mandrake: <a href="http://www.mandrakesecure.net/en/ftp.php">http://www.mandrakesecure.net/en/ftp.php</a></p> <p>Gentoo: <a href="http://security.gentoo.org/glsa/glsa-200503-36.xml">http://security.gentoo.org/glsa/glsa-200503-36.xml</a></p> <p><a href="http://security.gentoo.org/glsa/glsa-200504-01.xml">http://security.gentoo.org/glsa/glsa-200504-01.xml</a></p> <p>Debian: <a href="http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/k/krb5/">http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/k/krb5/</a></p> <p>Gentoo: <a href="http://security.gentoo.org/glsa/glsa-200504-04.xml">http://security.gentoo.org/glsa/glsa-200504-04.xml</a></p> <p>SGI: <a href="ftp://oss.sgi.com/projects/sgi_propack/download/3/updates/">ftp://oss.sgi.com/projects/sgi_propack/download/3/updates/</a></p> <p>SCO: <a href="ftp://ftp.sco.com/pub/updates/UnixWare/SCOSA-2005.21">ftp://ftp.sco.com/pub/updates/ UnixWare/SCOSA-2005.21</a></p> <p>Sun: <a href="http://sunsolve.sun.com/search/document.do?assetkey=1-26-57761-1">http://sunsolve.sun.com/search/document.do?assetkey=1-26-57761-1</a></p> <p>Openwall: <a href="http://www.openwall.com/Owl/CHANGES-current.shtml">http://www.openwall.com/Owl/CHANGES-current.shtml</a></p> <p>Avaya: <a href="http://support.avaya.com/elmodocs2/security/ASA-2005-088">http://support.avaya.com/elmodocs2/security/ASA-2005-088</a> <a href="#">RHSА-2005-330.pdf</a></p> <p>Gentoo: <a href="http://security.gentoo.org/glsa/glsa-200504-28.xml">http://security.gentoo.org/glsa/glsa-200504-28.xml</a></p> <p>TurboLinux: <a href="ftp://ftp.turbolinux.co.jp/pub/TurboLinux/TurboLinux/ia32/">ftp://ftp.turbolinux.co.jp/pub/TurboLinux/TurboLinux/ia32/</a></p>	<p>SGI Security Advisory, 20050405-01-P, May 26, 2005</p> <p>Debian Security Advisory, DSA 731-1, June 2, 2005</p> <p>Conectiva Security Advisory, CLSA-2005:962, June 6, 2005</p> <p>Trustix Secure Linux Security Advisory, TLSA-2005-0028, June 13, 2005</p> <p>Avaya Security Advisory, ASA-2005-132, June 14, 2005</p> <p>Fedora Legacy Update Advisory, FLSA:152583, July 11, 2005</p> <p>Slackware Security Advisory, SSA:2005-210-01, August 1, 2005</p> <p>Debian Security Advisory, DSA 773-1, August 11, 2005</p> <p>Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 12919, November 1, 2005</p> <p><b>Ubuntu Security Notice, USN-224-1, December 06, 2005</b></p>
------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

Sun:  
[http://sunsolve.sun.com/  
search/ document.do?  
assetkey=1-26-57761-1](http://sunsolve.sun.com/search/document.do?assetkey=1-26-57761-1)

OpenWall:  
[http://www.openwall.  
com/Owl/CHANGES-  
current.shtml](http://www.openwall.com/Owl/CHANGES-current.shtml)

SCO:  
[ftp://ftp.sco.com/pub/  
updates/ OpenServer/  
SCOSA-2005.23](ftp://ftp.sco.com/pub/updates/OpenServer/SCOSA-2005.23)

SGI IRIX:  
Apply patch 5892 for IRIX  
6.5.24-6.5.27:  
[ftp://patches.sgi.com/  
support/free/security/  
patches/](ftp://patches.sgi.com/support/free/security/patches/)

Debian:  
[http://security.debian.  
org/pool/updates/  
main/k/krb4/](http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/k/krb4/)

Conectiva:  
[http://distro.conectiva.  
com.br/ atualizacoes/  
index.php?id=  
a&anuncio=000962](http://distro.conectiva.com.br/atualizacoes/index.php?id=a&anuncio=000962)

Trustix:  
[ftp://ftp.trustix.org/pub/  
trustix/ updates/](ftp://ftp.trustix.org/pub/trustix/updates/)

Avaya:  
[http://support.avaya.com/  
elmodocs2/security/  
ASA-2005-132  
RHSA-2005-327.pdf](http://support.avaya.com/elmodocs2/security/ASA-2005-132/RHSA-2005-327.pdf)

FedoraLegacy:  
[http://download.  
fedoralegacy.  
org/redhat/](http://download.fedoralegacy.org/redhat/)

Slackware:  
[ftp://ftp.slackware.com/  
pub/slackware/](ftp://ftp.slackware.com/pub/slackware/)

Debian:  
[http://security.debian.  
org/pool/updates/main/](http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/)

NetBSD 2.0.3 is not vulnerable  
to this issue. Please contact the  
vendor for more information.

**Ubuntu:**  
[http://security.ubuntu.  
com/ubuntu/pool/  
main/k/krb4/](http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/k/krb4/)

Currently we are not aware of  
any exploits for these  
vulnerabilities.

#### Multiple Vendors

IETF RFC 2406:  
IPSEC; Hitachi  
GR2000-1B,  
GR2000-2B,  
GR2000-2B+,  
GR2000-BH

A vulnerability has been  
reported that affects certain  
configurations of IPsec when  
configured to employ  
Encapsulating Security Payload  
(ESP) in tunnel mode with only  
confidentiality and systems that  
use Authentication Header (AH)  
for integrity protection, which  
could let a remote malicious  
user obtain plaintext IP  
datagrams and potentially  
sensitive information.

Hitachi advises affected users  
to use the AH protocol  
workaround to mitigate this

IPSec ESP  
Packet  
Modification

[CVE-2005-0039](#)

Medium

NISCC Vulnerability  
Advisory, IPSEC -  
004033,  
May 9, 2005

[US-CERT VU#302220](#)

Security Focus, 13562,  
May 11, 2005

HP Security Bulletin,  
HPSBTU01217, August  
9, 2005

**HP Security Bulletin,  
HPSBUX02079,  
December 7, 2005**

	<p>issue.</p> <p>HP:  <a href="http://h20000.www2.hp.com/bizsupport/TechSupport/Document.jsp?objectID=PSD_HPSBTU01217&amp;locale=en_US">http://h20000.www2.hp.com/bizsupport/TechSupport/Document.jsp?objectID=PSD_HPSBTU01217&amp;locale=en_US</a></p> <p>HP:  <a href="http://www2.itrc.hp.com/service/cki/docDisplay.do?docId=c00572922">http://www2.itrc.hp.com/service/cki/docDisplay.do?docId=c00572922</a></p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.</p>			
<p>Multiple Vendors</p> <p>RedHat Fedora Core4, Core3; PHP 5.0.4, 4.3.9</p>	<p>A remote Denial of Service vulnerability has been reported when parsing EXIF image data contained in corrupt JPEG files.</p> <p>Fedora:  <a href="http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/core/updates/">http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/core/updates/</a></p> <p>RedHat:  <a href="http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-831.html">http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-831.html</a></p> <p>Mandriva:  <a href="http://wwwnew.mandriva.com/security/advisories?dis=10.2">http://wwwnew.mandriva.com/security/advisories?dis=10.2</a></p> <p>FedoraLegacy:  <a href="http://download.fedoralegacy.org/">http://download.fedoralegacy.org/</a></p> <p>SGI:  <a href="ftp://patches.sgi.com/support/free/security/advisories/">ftp://patches.sgi.com/support/free/security/advisories/</a></p> <p><b>OpenPKG:</b>  <a href="http://www.openpkg.org/">http://www.openpkg.org/</a></p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.</p>	<p>PHP Group Exif Module Remote Denial of Service</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-3353</a></p>	<p>Low</p>	<p>Fedora Update Notifications, FEDORA-2005-1061 &amp; 1062, November 8, 2005</p> <p>RedHat Security Advisory, RHSA-2005:831-15, November 10, 2005</p> <p>Mandriva Linux Security Advisory, MDKSA-2005:213, November 16, 2005</p> <p>Fedora Legacy Update Advisory, FLSA:166943, November 28, 2005</p> <p>SGI Security Advisory, 20051101-01-U, November 29, 2005</p> <p><b>OpenPKG Security Advisory, OpenPKG-SA-2005.027, December 3, 2005</b></p>
<p>Multiple Vendors</p> <p>University of Kansas Lynx 2.8.6 dev.1-dev.13, 2.8.5 dev.8, 2.8.5 dev.2-dev.5, 2.8.5, 2.8.4 rel.1, 2.8.4, 2.8.3 rel.1, 2.8.3 pre.5, 2.8.3 dev2x, 2.8.3 dev.22, 2.8.3, 2.8.2 rel.1, 2.8.1, 2.8, 2.7; RedHat Enterprise Linux WS 4, WS 3, 2.1, ES 4, ES 3, ES 2.1, AS 4, AS 3, AS 2.1, RedHat Desktop 4.0, 3.0, RedHat Advanced Workstation for the Itanium Processor 2.1 IA64</p>	<p>A buffer overflow vulnerability has been reported in the 'HTrjis()' function when handling NNTP article headers, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary code.</p> <p>University of Kansas Lynx:  <a href="http://lynx.isc.org/current/lynx2.8.6dev.14.tar.gz">http://lynx.isc.org/current/lynx2.8.6dev.14.tar.gz</a></p> <p>Gentoo:  <a href="http://security.gentoo.org/glsa/glsa-200510-15.xml">http://security.gentoo.org/glsa/glsa-200510-15.xml</a></p> <p>Ubuntu:  <a href="http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/lynx/">http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/lynx/</a></p> <p>RedHat:  <a href="http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-803.html">http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-803.html</a></p> <p>Fedora:  <a href="http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/core/updates/">http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/core/updates/</a></p> <p>Mandriva:</p>	<p>Lynx 'HTrjis()' NNTP Remote Buffer Overflow</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-3120</a></p>	<p>High</p>	<p>Gentoo Linux Security Advisory, GLSA 200510-15, October 17, 2005</p> <p>Ubuntu Security Notice, USN-206-1, October 17, 2005</p> <p>RedHat Security Advisory, RHSA-2005:803-4, October 17, 2005</p> <p>Fedora Update Notifications, FEDORA-2005-993 &amp; 994, October 17, 2005</p> <p>Mandriva Linux Security Update Advisory, MDKSA-2005:186, October 18, 2005</p> <p>Conectiva Linux Announcement, CLSA-2005:1037, October 19, 2005</p> <p>Trustix Secure Linux Security Advisory,</p>



	<a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a>  Conectiva: <a href="ftp://atualizacoes.conectiva.com.br/10/">ftp://atualizacoes.conectiva.com.br/10/</a>  Trustix: <a href="http://http.trustix.org/pub/trustix/updates/">http://http.trustix.org/pub/trustix/updates/</a>  SGI: <a href="http://www.sgi.com/support/security/">http://www.sgi.com/support/security/</a>  Mandriva: <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a>  Debian: <a href="http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/l/lynx/">http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/l/lynx/</a>  <a href="http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/l/lynx-ssl/">http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/l/lynx-ssl/</a>  Ubuntu: <a href="http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/lynx/">http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/lynx/</a> (Note: Ubuntu advisory USN-206-1 was previously released to address this vulnerability, however, the fixes contained an error that caused lynx to crash.)  SUSE: <a href="ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/">ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/</a>  Slackware: <a href="ftp://ftp.slackware.com/pub/slackware/">ftp://ftp.slackware.com/pub/slackware/</a>  SCO: <a href="ftp://ftp.sco.com/pub/updates/UnixWare/SCOSA-2005.47">ftp://ftp.sco.com/pub/updates/UnixWare/SCOSA-2005.47</a>  <b>OpenPKG:</b> <a href="http://www.openpkg.org/">http://www.openpkg.org/</a>  A Proof of Concept Denial of Service exploit script has been published.			TLSA-2005-0059, October 21, 2005  SGI Security Advisory, 20051003-01-U, October 26, 2005  Mandriva Linux Security Advisory, MDKSA-2005:186-1, October 26, 2005  Debian Security Advisories, DSA 874-1 & 876-1, October 27, 2005  Ubuntu Security Notice, USN-206-2, October 29, 2005  SUSE Security Summary Report, SUSE-SR:2005:025, November 4, 2005  Slackware Security Advisory, SSA:2005-310-03, November 7, 2005  SCO Security Advisory, SCOSA-2005.47, November 8, 2005  <b>OpenPKG Security Advisory, OpenPKG-SA-2005.026, December 3, 2005</b>
MultiTech MultiVOIP	A buffer overflow vulnerability has been reported in the SIP packet INVITE field when a string is greater than 60 characters, which could let a remote malicious user cause a Denial of Service or execute arbitrary code.  It has been reported that this issue was addressed in version x.08 of the software.  Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.	MultiTech MultiVOIP Remote Buffer Overflow  <a href="#">CVE-2005-4050</a>	High	SecurityLab Technologies, Inc. Advisory, December 5, 2005
MXChange MXChange 0.2 .0-pre3-pre10	Several vulnerabilities have been reported: a Cross-Site Scripting vulnerability was reported due to insufficient sanitization of unspecified input, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary HTML and script code; and an SQL injection vulnerability was reported due to insufficient	MXChange Unspecified Cross-Site Scripting & SQL Injection  <a href="#">CVE-2005-3969</a> <a href="#">CVE-2005-3970</a>	Medium	Secunia Advisory: SA17793, December 1, 2005

	<p>sanitization of unspecified input before using in an SQL query, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary SQL code.</p> <p>Upgrades available at:  <a href="http://prdownloads.sourceforge.net/mxchange/mxchange-testing_0_2_0-pre_10_492.zip?download">http://prdownloads.sourceforge.net/mxchange/mxchange-testing_0_2_0-pre_10_492.zip?download</a></p> <p>There is no exploit code required.</p>			
<p>MySQL AB</p> <p>MySQL 5.0  .0-0-5.0.4, 4.1  .0-0-4.1.5, 4.0.24,  4.0.21, 4.0.20,  4.0.18, 4.0  .0-4.0.15</p>	<p>A buffer overflow vulnerability has been reported due to insufficient bounds checking of data that is supplied as an argument in a user-defined function, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary code.</p> <p>This issue is reportedly addressed in MySQL versions 4.0.25, 4.1.13, and 5.0.7-beta available at:  <a href="http://dev.mysql.com/downloads/">http://dev.mysql.com/downloads/</a></p> <p>Mandriva:  <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a></p> <p>Ubuntu:  <a href="http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/m/mysql-dfsg">http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/m/mysql-dfsg</a></p> <p>Debian:  <a href="http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/m/">http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/m/</a></p> <p>SUSE:  <a href="ftp://ftp.SUSE.com/pub/SUSE">ftp://ftp.SUSE.com/pub/SUSE</a></p> <p>Debian:  <a href="http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/m/mysql-dfsg-4.1/">http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/m/mysql-dfsg-4.1/</a></p> <p>Conectiva:  <a href="ftp://atualizacoes.conectiva.com.br/10/">ftp://atualizacoes.conectiva.com.br/10/</a></p> <p><b>Ubuntu:</b>  <a href="http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/universe/m/mysql-dfsg-4.1/">http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/universe/m/mysql-dfsg-4.1/</a></p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.</p>	<p>MySQL</p> <p>User-Defined Function Buffer Overflow</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-2558</a></p>	<p>High</p>	<p>Security Focus 14509, August 8, 2005</p> <p>Mandriva Linux Security Update Advisory, MDKSA-2005:163, September 12, 2005</p> <p>Ubuntu Security Notice, USN-180-1, September 12, 2005</p> <p>Debian Security Advisories, DSA 829-1 &amp; 831-1, September 30, 2005</p> <p>SUSE Security Summary Report, SUSE-SR:2005:021, September 30, 2005</p> <p>Debian Security Advisory, DSA 833-1, October 1, 2005</p> <p>Conectiva Linux Announcement, CLSA-2005:1023, October 6, 2005</p> <p><b>Ubuntu Security Notice, USN-180-2, December 05, 2005</b></p>
<p>NetArt Media</p> <p>Blog System 1.2 &amp; prior</p>	<p>SQL injection vulnerabilities have been reported in 'index.php' due to insufficient sanitization of the 'cat' parameter and in 'blog.php' due to insufficient sanitization of the 'note' parameter before using in an SQL query, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary SQL code.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required; however, a Proof of Concept exploit has been published.</p>	<p>Blog System</p> <p>Multiple SQL Injection</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-4049</a></p>	<p>Medium</p>	<p>Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15719, December 5, 2005</p>

NetArt Media Cars Portal 1.1	<p>SQL injection vulnerabilities have been reported in 'index.php' due to insufficient sanitization of the 'page' and 'car' parameters before using in an SQL query, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary SQL code.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required; however, a Proof of Concept exploit script has been published.</p>	Cars Portal Multiple SQL Injection <a href="#">CVE-2005-4055</a>	Medium	Secunia Advisory: SA17914, December 6, 2005
Nodezilla Nodezilla 0.4 0.0-0.4.12 -corno-fulgure	<p>A vulnerability has been reported in the 'evl_data' private directory due to insufficient access controls, which could let a remote malicious user obtain sensitive information.</p> <p>Updates available at:  <a href="http://www.panardvision.com.nyud.net:8090/nz/dl/nzagent-0.4.13-corno-fulgure-linux.tgz">http://www.panardvision.com.nyud.net:8090/nz/dl/nzagent-0.4.13-corno-fulgure-linux.tgz</a>  (Linux)</p> <p><a href="http://www.panardvision.com.nyud.net:8090/nz/dl/nzagent-0.4.13-corno-fulgure-install.exe">http://www.panardvision.com.nyud.net:8090/nz/dl/nzagent-0.4.13-corno-fulgure-install.exe</a>  (Windows)</p> <p>There is no exploit code required.</p>	Nodezilla Information Disclosure <a href="#">CVE-2005-4033</a>	Medium	Secunia Advisory: SA17867, December 5, 2005
O-Kiraku Nikki O-Kiraku Nikki 1.3	<p>An SQL injection vulnerability has been reported in 'nikki.php' due to insufficient sanitization of the 'day_id' parameter before using in an SQL query, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary SQL code.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required; however, a Proof of Concept exploit has been published.</p>	O-Kiraku Nikki SQL Injection <a href="#">CVE-2005-3932</a>	Medium	Secunia Advisory: SA17795, November 30, 2005

<p>PHP</p> <p>PHP 4.0.x, 4.1.x, 4.2.x, 4.3.x, 4.4.x, 5.0.x</p>	<p>Multiple vulnerabilities have been reported: a vulnerability was reported due to insufficient protection of the 'GLOBALS' array, which could let a remote malicious user define global variables; a vulnerability was reported in the 'parse_str()' PHP function when handling an unexpected termination, which could let a remote malicious user enable the 'register_globals' directive; a Cross-Site Scripting vulnerability was reported in the 'phpinfo()' PHP function due to insufficient sanitization of user-supplied input, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary HTML and script code; and an integer overflow vulnerability was reported in 'pcrelib' due to an error, which could let a remote malicious user corrupt memory.</p> <p>Upgrades available at:  <a href="http://www.php.net/get/php-4.4.1.tar.gz">http://www.php.net/get/php-4.4.1.tar.gz</a></p> <p>SUSE:  <a href="ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/">ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/</a></p> <p>TurboLinux:  <a href="ftp://ftp.turbolinux.co.jp/pub/TurboLinux/TurboLinux/ia32/">ftp://ftp.turbolinux.co.jp/pub/TurboLinux/TurboLinux/ia32/</a></p> <p>Fedora:  <a href="http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/core/updates/">http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/core/updates/</a></p> <p>RedHat:  <a href="http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-838.html">http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-838.html</a>  <a href="http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-831.html">http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-831.html</a></p> <p>Gentoo:  <a href="http://security.gentoo.org/glsa/glsa-200511-08.xml">http://security.gentoo.org/glsa/glsa-200511-08.xml</a></p> <p>Mandriva:  <a href="http://wwwnew.mandriva.com/security/advisories?dis=10.2">http://wwwnew.mandriva.com/security/advisories?dis=10.2</a></p> <p>SUSE:  <a href="ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/">ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/</a></p> <p>Trustix:  <a href="http://http.trustix.org/pub/trustix/updates/">http://http.trustix.org/pub/trustix/updates/</a></p> <p>SGI:  <a href="ftp://patches.sgi.com/support/free/security/advisories/">ftp://patches.sgi.com/support/free/security/advisories/</a></p> <p><b>OpenPKG:</b>  <a href="http://www.openpkg.org/">http://www.openpkg.org/</a></p> <p>There is no exploit code required.</p>	<p>PHP Multiple Vulnerabilities</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-3388</a>  <a href="#">CVE-2005-3389</a>  <a href="#">CVE-2005-3390</a>  <a href="#">CVE-2005-3391</a>  <a href="#">CVE-2005-3392</a></p>	<p>Medium</p>	<p>Secunia Advisory: SA17371, October 31, 2005</p> <p>SUSE Security Summary Report, SUSE-SR:2005:025, November 4, 2005</p> <p>Turbolinux Security Advisory TLSA-2005-97, November 5, 2005</p> <p>Fedora Update Notifications, FEDORA-2005-1061 &amp; 1062, November 8, 2005</p> <p>RedHat Security Advisories, RHSA-2005:838-3 &amp; RHSA-2005:831-15, November 10, 2005</p> <p>Gentoo Linux Security Advisory, GLSA 200511-08, November 13, 2005</p> <p>Mandriva Linux Security Advisory, MDKSA-2005:213, November 16, 2005</p> <p>SUSE Security Summary Report, SUSE-SR:2005:027, November 18, 2005</p> <p>Trustix Secure Linux Security Advisory, TLSA-2005-0062, November 22, 2005</p> <p>SGI Security Advisory, 20051101-01-U, November 29, 2005</p> <p><b>OpenPKG Security Advisory, OpenPKG-SA-2005.027, December 3, 2005</b></p>
<p>PHP-Fusion</p> <p>PHP-Fusion 6.0.109</p>	<p>An SQL injection vulnerability has been reported in 'messages.php' due to insufficient sanitization of the</p>	<p>PHP-Fusion SQL Injection</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-4005</a></p>	<p>Medium</p>	<p>Secunia Advisory: SA17871, December 5, 2005</p>

	<p>'srch_text' parameter before using in an SQL query, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary SQL code.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required; however a Proof of Concept exploit has been published.</p>			
<p>phpMyAdmin</p> <p>phpMyAdmin 2.7.0-beta1</p>	<p>An HTTP response splitting vulnerability has been reported in 'Header_HTTP_Inc.php' due to insufficient sanitization of user-supplied input, which could lead to a false sense of trust.</p> <p><b>SUSE:</b>  <a href="ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/">ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/</a></p> <p>There is no exploit code required.</p>	<p>PHPMyAdmin HTTP Response Splitting</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-3621</a></p>	Medium	<p>Fitsec Security Advisory, November 15, 2005</p> <p><b>SUSE Security Summary Report, SUSE-SR:2005:028, December 2, 2005</b></p>
<p>phpMyChat</p> <p>phpMyChat 0.14.6</p>	<p>Cross-Site Scripting vulnerabilities have been reported due to insufficient sanitization of user-supplied input, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary HTML and script code.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required; however, a Proof of Concept exploit has been published.</p>	<p>PHPMyChat Multiple Cross-Site Scripting</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-3991</a></p>	Medium	<p>Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15679, December 2, 2005</p>
<p>PHPX</p> <p>PHPX 3.5-3.5.9</p>	<p>An SQL injection vulnerability has been reported when logging into the administration section due to insufficient sanitization of the 'username' field before using in an SQL query, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary SQL code</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required; however, a Proof of Concept exploit script has been published.</p>	<p>PHPX SQL Injection</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-3968</a></p>	Medium	<p>Security Tracker Alert ID: 1015300, December 1, 2005</p>
<p>Pineapple Technologies</p> <p>Lore 1.5.4</p>	<p>An SQL injection vulnerability has been reported in 'article.php' due to insufficient sanitization of the 'id' parameter before using in an SQL query, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary SQL code.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required; however, a Proof of Concept exploit has been published.</p>	<p>Lore SQL Injection</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-3988</a></p>	Medium	<p>Secunia Advisory: SA17842, December 1, 2005</p>
<p>PluggedOut</p> <p>Nexus 0.1</p>	<p>Several vulnerabilities have been reported: an SQL injection vulnerability was reported in 'search.php' due to insufficient sanitization of the 'firstname,' 'lastname,' and 'location' parameters before using in an SQL query, which could let a remote malicious user execute</p>	<p>PluggedOut Nexus SQL Injection &amp; Cross-Site Scripting</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-4056</a>  <a href="#">CVE-2005-4057</a></p>	Medium	<p>Secunia Advisory: SA17909, December 6, 2005</p>

	<p>arbitrary SQL code; and a Cross-Site Scripting vulnerability was reported in 'search.php' due to insufficient sanitization of the 'firstname,' 'lastname,' and 'location' parameters before returning to the user, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary HTML and script code.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required.</p>			
<p>PluggedOut</p> <p>PluggedOut Blog 1.9.4</p>	<p>An SQL injection vulnerability was reported in 'index.php' due to insufficient sanitization of the 'categoryid,' 'entryid,' 'year,' 'month,' and 'day' parameters before using in an SQL query, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary SQL code.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required.</p>	<p>PluggedOut Blog SQL Injection</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-4054</a></p>	Medium	<p>Secunia Advisory: SA17911, December 6, 2005</p>
<p>QualityEBiz</p> <p>QualityPPC 1553</p>	<p>A Cross-Site Scripting vulnerability has been reported in the search feature due to insufficient sanitization of the 'REQ' parameter before returning to the user, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary HTML and script code.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required.</p>	<p>QualityEBiz Quality PPC Cross-Site Scripting</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-3977</a></p>	Medium	<p>Secunia Advisory: SA17850, December 2, 2005</p>
<p>Quicksilver Forums</p> <p>Quicksilver Forums 1.1.4</p>	<p>An SQL injection vulnerability has been reported in the 'HTTP_USER_AGENT' header due to insufficient sanitization before using in an SQL query, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary SQL code.</p> <p>Upgrade available at: <a href="http://prdownloads.sourceforge.net/qsforums/quicksilverforums-1.1.5.tar.gz?download">http://prdownloads.sourceforge.net/qsforums/quicksilverforums-1.1.5.tar.gz?download</a></p> <p>There is no exploit code required.</p>	<p>Quicksilver Forums SQL Injection</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-4030</a></p>	Medium	<p>Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15710, December 5, 2005</p>
<p>Real Networks</p> <p>RealPlayer 10.5 v6.0.12.1235, v6.0.12.1069, v6.0.12.1059, v6.0.12.1056, v6.0.12.1053, v6.0.12.1040, 10.5 Beta, v6.0.12.1016, 10.5, 10.0 BETA, 10.0 v6.0.12.690, 10.0, 8.0 Win32, 7.0 Win32, 6.0 Win32</p>	<p>An unspecified code execution vulnerability has been reported which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary code.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.</p>	<p>Real Networks RealPlayer Unspecified Remote Code Execution</p>	High	<p>eEye Digital Security, EEYEB-20051130, November 30, 2005</p>
<p>Relative Real Estate Systems</p> <p>Relative Real Estate Systems 1.2</p>	<p>An SQL injection vulnerability has been reported in 'index.php' due to insufficient sanitization of the 'mls' parameter before using in an SQL query, which could let a remote malicious</p>	<p>Relative Real Estate Systems SQL Injection</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-4019</a></p>	Medium	<p>Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15714, December 5, 2005</p>



	<p>user execute arbitrary SQL code.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required; however, a Proof of Concept exploit has been published.</p>			
<p>Sapid CMS</p> <p>Sapid CMS 1.2.3 RC2, 1.2.3</p>	<p>A vulnerability has been reported in the 'usr/system/insert_file.php,' 'usr/system/insert_image.php,' 'usr/system/insert_link.php,' 'usr/system/insert_qcfile.php,' and 'usr/system/edit.php' scripts due to insufficient access controls, which could let an unauthenticated remote malicious user upload files or images to a vulnerable system.</p> <p>Upgrades available at: <a href="http://prdownloads.sourceforge.net/sapid/sapid_v123_rc3.zip">http://prdownloads.sourceforge.net/sapid/sapid_v123_rc3.zip</a></p> <p>There is no exploit code required.</p>	<p>SAPID CMS Authentication Bypass</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-4006</a></p>	Medium	<p>Secunia Advisory: SA17859, December 2, 2005</p>
<p>Script Developers.NET</p> <p>NetClassifieds Standard Edition 1.9.6 .3, Professional Edition 1.5.1, Premium Edition 1.0.1, Free Edition 1.0.1</p>	<p>An SQL injection vulnerability has been reported in 'ViewCat.php' and 'gallery.php' due to insufficient sanitization of the 'CatID' parameter and in 'ViewItem.php' due to insufficient sanitization of the 'ItemNum' parameter before using in an SQL query, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary SQL code.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required; however, a Proof of Concept exploit has been published.</p>	<p>NetClassifieds Products Multiple SQL Injection</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-3978</a></p>	Medium	<p>Secunia Advisory: SA17853, December 2, 2005</p>
<p>sobexsrv</p> <p>sobexsrv 1.0 .0-pre3</p>	<p>A format string vulnerability has been reported in 'Dosyslog' due to insufficient sanitization of user-supplied input, which could let a remote malicious user cause a Denial of Service or execute arbitrary code.</p> <p>Upgrade available at: <a href="http://www.mulliner.org/bluetooth/sobexsrv.php">http://www.mulliner.org/bluetooth/sobexsrv.php</a></p> <p>An exploit has been published.</p>	<p>Sobexsrv Dosyslog Remote Format String</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-3995</a></p>	High	<p>DMA Security Advisory, DMA2005-1202a, December 2, 2005</p>
<p>Sony</p> <p>SunnComm MediaMax 5.0.21.0</p>	<p>A vulnerability has been reported due to insecure default directory ACLs set on the 'SunnComm Shared' directory, which could let a malicious user obtain elevated privileges.</p> <p>Patch available at: <a href="http://www.sunncomm.com/support/updates/updates.asp">http://www.sunncomm.com/support/updates/updates.asp</a></p> <p>There is no exploit code required.</p>	<p>Sony SunnComm MediaMax Insecure Directory Permissions</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-4069</a></p>	Medium	<p>Secunia Advisory: SA17933, December 7, 2005</p>
<p>SpoonLabs</p> <p>phpWordPress 3.0</p>	<p>An SQL injection vulnerability has been reported in 'index.php' due to insufficient sanitization of the 'poll,' 'category,' and 'ctg' parameters before using in an SQL query, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary SQL code.</p>	<p>phpWordPress SQL Injection</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-3844</a></p>	Medium	<p>Secunia Advisory: SA17733, November 25, 2005</p> <p><b>Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15582, December 1, 2005</b></p>

**Upgrade available at:**  
<http://www.word-press.net/patches/v30-3011-patch.zip>

There is no exploit code required; however, a Proof of Concept exploit has been published.

SugarCRM  Sugar Suite 4.0 beta, 3.5	A local and remote file include vulnerability has been reported in 'acceptDecline.php,' which could let a remote malicious user obtain unauthorized access.  No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.  A Proof of Concept exploit script has been published.	SugarCRM Sugar Suite Remote & Local File Include  <a href="#">CVE-2005-4086</a> <a href="#">CVE-2005-4087</a>	Medium	Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15760, December 7, 2005
Sun Microsystems, Inc.  Java JDK 1.5.x, Java JRE 1.3.x, 1.4.x, 1.5.x / 5.x, Java SDK 1.3.x, 1.4.x	Several vulnerabilities have been reported: a vulnerability was reported due to an unspecified error, which could let a malicious untrusted applet read/ write local files or execute local applications; three unspecified vulnerabilities were reported with the use of 'reflection' APIs error, which could let a malicious untrusted applet read/write local files or execute local applications; and a vulnerability was reported in the Java Management Extensions (JMX) implementation, which could let a malicious untrusted applet read/ write local files or execute local applications.  Upgrade information available at: <a href="http://sunsolve.sun.com/searchproxy/document.do?assetkey=1-26-102003-1">http://sunsolve.sun.com/searchproxy/document.do?assetkey=1-26-102003-1</a>  <a href="http://sunsolve.sun.com/searchproxy/document.do?assetkey=1-26-102017-1">http://sunsolve.sun.com/searchproxy/document.do?assetkey=1-26-102017-1</a>  <a href="http://sunsolve.sun.com/searchproxy/document.do?assetkey=1-26-102050-1">http://sunsolve.sun.com/searchproxy/document.do?assetkey=1-26-102050-1</a>  Currently we are not aware of any exploits for these vulnerabilities.	Sun Java Runtime Environment Security Bypass  <a href="#">CVE-2005-3904</a> <a href="#">CVE-2005-3905</a> <a href="#">CVE-2005-3906</a> <a href="#">CVE-2005-3907</a>	Medium	Sun(sm) Alert Notifications Sun Alert ID: 102003, 102017, & 102050, November 28, 2005  <a href="#">US-CERT VU#974188</a> , <a href="#">VU#355284</a> , <a href="#">VU#931684</a>
Sun Microsystems, Inc.  Sun ONE Application Server 7.0 UR2 Upgrade Standard, 7.0 UR2 Standard Edition, 7.0 UR1 Standard Edition, ONE Application Server 7.0 Standard Edition, Java System Application Server Enterprise Edition 8.1 2005Q1RHEL2.1/ RHEL3, 8.1 2005 Q1, Java System	A man-in-the-middle vulnerability has been reported when the reverse SSL proxy plug-in is used with a supported Web server.  Update information available at: <a href="http://sunsolve.sun.com/searchproxy/document.do?assetkey=1-26-102012-1">http://sunsolve.sun.com/searchproxy/document.do?assetkey=1-26-102012-1</a>  Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.	Sun Java System Application Server Reverse SSL Proxy Plug-in Man-In-The-Middle  <a href="#">CVE-2005-4046</a>	Medium	Sun(sm) Alert Notification Sun Alert ID: 102012, December 5, 2005

Application Server 7.0 2004Q2 R2 Standard, 7.0 2004Q2 R2 Enterprise, 7.0 2004Q2 R1Standard, 7.0 2004Q2 R1Enterprise, 7.0 Standard Edition, 7.0 Enterprise Edition, 7.0 2004Q2				
Tradesoft  Content Management System	SQL injection vulnerabilities have been reported due to insufficient sanitization of user-supplied input before using in an SQL query, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary SQL code.  No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.  There is no exploit code required.	Tradesoft CMS Multiple SQL Injection  <a href="#">CVE-2005-3987</a>	Medium	Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15661, December 1, 2005
W2B  phpForumPro 2.2	SQL injection vulnerabilities have been reported in 'index.php' due to insufficient sanitization of the 'parent' and 'day' parameters before using in an SQL query, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary SQL code.  No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.  There is no exploit code required.	PHPForumPro Multiple SQL Injection  <a href="#">CVE-2005-4088</a>	Medium	Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15736, December 6, 2005
W3C  Libwww 5.4	Multiple unspecified vulnerabilities have been reported including a buffer overflow and vulnerabilities related to the handling of multipart/byteranges content. The impact was not specified.  Fedora: <a href="http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/core/updates/">http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/core/updates/</a>  Mandriva: <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a>  <b>Ubuntu:</b> <a href="http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/w/w3c-libwww/">http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/w/w3c-libwww/</a>  Currently we are not aware of any exploits for these vulnerabilities.	W3C Libwww Multiple Unspecified Vulnerabilities  <a href="#">CVE-2005-3183</a>	Not Specified	Fedora Update Notifications, FEDORA- 2005-952 & 953, October 7, 2005  Mandriva Linux Security Advisory, MDKSA-2005:210, November 10, 2005  <b>Ubuntu Security Notice, USN-220-1, December 01, 2005</b>
Web Calendar  WebCalendar 1.0.1	An HTTP response splitting vulnerability has been reported in 'Layers_Toggle.php' due to insufficient sanitization, which could let a remote malicious user influence or misrepresent how Web content is served, cached or interpreted.  <b>Patches available at:</b> <a href="https://sourceforge.net/tracker/download.php?group_id=3870&amp;atid=303870&amp;file_id=158009&amp;aid=1369439">https://sourceforge.net/tracker/download.php?group_id=3870&amp;atid=303870&amp;file_id=158009&amp;aid=1369439</a>	WebCalendar HTTP Response Splitting  <a href="#">CVE-2005-3982</a>	Medium	Security Focus, 15673, December 1, 2005

	There is no exploit code required; however, a Proof of Concept exploit has been published.			
Web4Future Inc. Web4Future Affiliate Manager PRO 4.1	<p>An SQL injection vulnerability has been reported in 'functions.php' due to insufficient sanitization of user-supplied input before using in an SQL query, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary SQL code.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required; however, a Proof of Concept exploit has been published.</p>	Web4Future Affiliate Manager PRO SQL Injection  <a href="#">CVE-2005-4037</a>	Medium	Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15717, December 5, 2005
Web4Future Inc. Web4Future eDating Professional 5.0 & prior	<p>SQL injection vulnerabilities have been reported in 'index.php' due to insufficient sanitization of the 's,' 'pg,' and 'sortb' parameters; in 'gift.php' due to insufficient sanitization of the 'cid' parameter; and in 'articles.php' due to insufficient sanitization of the 'fq.php,' and 'cat' parameters before using in an SQL query, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary SQL code.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required.</p>	Web4Future eDating Professional SQL Injection  <a href="#">CVE-2005-4034</a>	Medium	Secunia Advisory: SA17879, December 5, 2005
Web4Future Inc. Web4Future Portal Solutions	<p>Several vulnerabilities have been reported: an SQL injection vulnerability was reported in 'comentarii.php' due to insufficient sanitization of the 'idp' parameter before using in an SQL query, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary SQL code; and a vulnerability was reported in 'arhiva.php' due to insufficient verification of the 'dir' parameter before used to list files &amp; directories, which could let a remote malicious user obtain sensitive information.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required.</p>	Web4Future Portal Solutions Information Disclosure & SQL Injection  <a href="#">CVE-2005-4038</a> <a href="#">CVE-2005-4039</a>	Medium	Secunia Advisory: SA17880, December 5, 2005
WebCalendar WebCalendar 1.0.1	<p>Several vulnerabilities have been reported: SQL injection vulnerabilities were reported due to insufficient sanitization of 'export_handler.php,' 'activity_log.php,' 'admin_handler.php,' and 'edit_template.php' before using in an SQL query, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary SQL code; and a vulnerability was reported in 'export_handler.php' due to insufficient verification of the 'id' and 'format' parameters before used to save data files, which could let a remote malicious user overwrite saved data files.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p>	WebCalendar SQL Injection & File Overwrite  <a href="#">CVE-2005-3949</a> <a href="#">CVE-2005-3961</a>	Medium	<p>Secunia Advisory: SA17784, November 29, 2005</p> <p><b>Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15606, December 1, 2005</b></p>

	There is no exploit code required.			
Widget Press Widget Property 1.1.19	<p>SQL injection vulnerabilities have been reported in 'property.php' due to insufficient sanitization of the 'property_id,' 'zip_code,' 'property_type_id,' 'price,' and 'city_id' parameters before using in an SQL query, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary SQL code.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required; however Proof of Concept exploits have been published.</p>	<p>Widget Press Widget Property SQL Injection</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-4016</a> <a href="#">CVE-2005-4017</a></p>	Medium	Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15701, December 5, 2005
WinEgg DropShell  WinEgg DropShell 1.7 (Remote Access Trojan)	<p>Multiple remote buffer overflow vulnerabilities have been reported: a buffer overflow vulnerability was reported that affects the HTTP server when a GET request is provided that contains excessive data, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary code; and two buffer overflow vulnerabilities were reported that affect the FTP server when FTP commands are provided that contain excessively long arguments, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary code.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>A Proof of Concept exploit script has been published.</p>	<p>WinEggDrop Shell Multiple Remote Buffer Overflows</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-3992</a></p>	High	Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15682, December 2, 2005
WSN Knowledge Base  WSN Knowledge Base 1.2 .0	<p>SQL injection vulnerabilities have been reported in 'index.php' due to insufficient sanitization of the 'catid,' 'perpage,' 'ascdesc,' and 'orderlinks' parameters and in 'comments.php' due to insufficient sanitization of the 'id' parameter before using in an SQL query, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary SQL code.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required; however, Proof of Concept exploits have been published.</p>	<p>WSN Knowledge Base Multiple SQL Injection</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-3939</a></p>	Medium	Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15656, November 30, 2005
Xaraya  Xaraya 1.0 RC1-RC4	<p>A Directory Traversal vulnerability has been reported in the 'index.php' script 'module' parameter, which could let a remote malicious user obtain sensitive information.</p> <p><b>Patch available at:</b> <a href="http://www.xaraya.com/downloads/patches/xarsecurity051130.zip">http://www.xaraya.com/downloads/patches/xarsecurity051130.zip</a></p> <p>There is no exploit code required; however, a Proof of Concept exploit has been published.</p>	<p>Xaraya Directory Traversal</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-3929</a></p>	Medium	<p>Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15623, November 29, 2005</p> <p><b>Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15623, December 1, 2005</b></p>
Zen Cart Team  Zen Shopping Cart 1.2.6 d	An SQL injection vulnerability has been reported in 'admin/password_forgotten.php' due to insufficient	<p>Zen Cart SQL Injection</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-3996</a></p>	Medium	Security Tracker Alert ID: 1015306, December 2, 2005

sanitization of the 'admin\_email' parameter before using an SQL query, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary SQL code.

Upgrade available at:  
<http://www.zen-cart.com/modules/mydownloads/>

There is no exploit code required; however a Proof of Concept exploit script has been reported.

[\[back to top\]](#)

## Wireless

The section below contains wireless vulnerabilities, articles, and viruses/trojans identified during this reporting period.

- **Mobile Anti-Virus: Now or Later?** Experts point to gathering clouds of viruses and Trojans but the fact is that security architects, particularly those in the United States, have little to fear for now. Employees are introducing smartphones and PDAs into the corporate network at the same time the number of smartphone Trojans and viruses is rising. Malware writers are experimenting with new propagation methods and more malicious payloads. Source: <http://www.mobilepipeline.com/174403206.jsessionid=5VLIYULCKOEGYQSNDBOCKHOCJUMKJVN>.
- **Bluetooth roadmap updated but UWB wars could scupper it:** The Bluetooth Special Interest Group, which controls the development of the short range wireless standard, will publish an updated roadmap that defines plans up to the third quarter of 2007 shortly. The focus will be on interoperability with UltraWideBand (UWB). Source: [http://www.theregister.com/2005/12/06/bluetooth\\_roadmap/](http://www.theregister.com/2005/12/06/bluetooth_roadmap/).
- **Wireless Hackers 101:** Attacks on wireless LANs (WLANs) and wireless-enabled laptops are a quick and easy way for hackers to steal data and enter the corporate network. IT departments must have a pre-emptive plan of action to prevent these malicious and illegal attacks, which compromise an organization's data privacy and can wreak havoc on network infrastructure. Source: <http://www.esecurityplanet.com/prevention/article.php/3568071>.

### Wireless Vulnerabilities

- [Sobexsrv Dosyslog Remote Format String](#): A format string vulnerability has been reported in 'Dosyslog' due to insufficient sanitization of user-supplied input.
- [sobexsrv.pl.txt](#): Remote exploit for the sobexsrv format string vulnerability.
- [BluePIMped.txt](#): A write up on the exploitation of the Widcomm BTStackServer used for Bluetooth connectivity.

[\[back to top\]](#)

## Recent Exploit Scripts/Techniques

The table below contains a sample of exploit scripts and "how to" guides identified during this period. The "Workaround or Patch Available" column indicates if vendors, security vulnerability listservs, or Computer Emergency Response Teams (CERTs) have published workarounds or patches.

*Note: At times, scripts/techniques may contain names or content that may be considered offensive.*

Date of Script (Reverse Chronological Order)	Script name	Workaround or Patch Available	Script Description
December 7, 2005	appfluent_db_ids_exp.c	No	Exploit for the Appfluent Technology Database Buffer Overflow vulnerability.
December 7, 2005	BluePIMped.txt	N/A	A write up on the exploitation of the Widcomm BTStackServer used for Bluetooth connectivity.
December 7, 2005	john-1.6.39w-mmx.zip	N/A	A fast password cracker, currently available for many flavors of Unix (11 are officially supported, not counting different architectures), DOS, Win32, and BeOS. Its primary purpose is to detect weak Unix passwords, but a number of other hash types are supported as well.
December 7, 2005	sobexsrv.pl.txt	No	Exploit for the Sobexsrv Dosyslog Remote Format String vulnerability.
December 7, 2005	SugarSuite_poc	No	Proof of Concept exploit for the SugarCRM Sugar Suite Remote and Local File Include vulnerability.
December 6, 2005	docebo_204_xpl.php	No	Proof of Concept exploit for the DoceboLMS Arbitrary File Upload Vulnerability.
December 6, 2005	horde-imp_html-inj-poc.pl	No	Proof of Concept exploit for the Horde IMP Email Attachments HTML Injection Vulnerability.
December 3, 2005	iwar-0.06.tar.gz	N/A	A war dialer written for Unix type (Linux/OpenBSD/etc) operating systems.
December 3, 2005	iwar-0.06-DOS.zip	N/A	A war dialer written for Unix type (Linux/OpenBSD/etc) operating systems.
December 3, 2005	pbnj-1.10.tar.bz2	N/A	A network tool that can be used to give an overview of a machine or multiple machines and includes the details about the services running on them.



December 3, 2005	perl-format-string.txt	N/A	Whitepaper that discusses the attack and impact details of recent discussions surrounding format string exploitation in perl.
December 3, 2005	StackBasedOverflows-Windows-Part3.pdf	N/A	Writing Stack Based Overflows on Windows - Part III: Walking through a stack based overflow and writing an exploit for a local overflow.
December 3, 2005	StackBasedOverflows-Windows-Part4.pdf	N/A	Writing Stack Based Overflows on Windows - Part IV: Shellcode creation and exploitation an application remotely.
December 3, 2005	StackOverflow-Examples.txt	N/A	Source code for all the examples used in tutorials 1 through 4 of 'Writing Stack Based Overflows On Windows'.
December 2, 2005	n13SQL.php.txt	No	Exploit for the N-13 News SQL Injection vulnerability.
December 2, 2005	phpX_359_xpl.php phpx_359_xpl.txt	No	Proof of Concept exploit for the PHPX SQL Injection vulnerability.
December 2, 2005	webCalSQL.txt	No	Exploit details for the WebCalendar SQL Injection vulnerability.
December 2, 2005	WinEggDropShell_bof.py AD20051202.txt	No	Proof of Concept exploit for the WinEggDropShell Multiple Remote Buffer Overflow vulnerabilities.
December 2, 2005	xarayaDOS.txt	No	Exploit details for the Xaraya Directory Traversal vulnerability.
December 2, 2005	zencart_126d_xpl.php zencart_126d_xpl.html	No	Proof of Concept exploit for the Zen Cart SQL Injection vulnerability.
December 1, 2005	55k7-msdtc.c msdtc.cpp	Yes	Proof of Concept exploit for the Windows MSDTC and COM+ Privilege Elevation, Arbitrary Code Execution, or Denial of Service vulnerability.
December 1, 2005	gdsexploit.html	No	Proof of Concept exploit for the Microsoft Internet Explorer CSS Import Cross-Domain Restriction Bypass Vulnerability.
December 1, 2005	guppy459_xpl.txt	No	Script that exploits the Guppy Remote File Include & Command Execution vulnerabilities.
December 1, 2005	ieDoS.pm.txt	Yes	Exploit for the Windows MSDTC and COM+ Privilege Elevation, Arbitrary Code Execution, or Denial of Service vulnerability.
December 1, 2005	phgrafx.txt	No	Script that exploits the QNX Phgrafx Buffer Overflow vulnerability.
December 1, 2005	win_dos.c winCreateExp.txt	No	Exploit for the Microsoft Windows CreateRemoteThread Local Denial of Service vulnerability.

[\[back to top\]](#)

## Trends

- **Automatic Update Functionality in Sober.X Worm:**US-CERT is aware of functionality that could allow the mass-mailing worm known as "W32/Sober.X" to automatically update itself. W32/Sober.X is a bi-lingual (English and German) mass-mailing worm that utilizes its own SMTP engine to propagate. Source: <http://www.us-cert.gov/current/>.
- **Perl programs providing user-controlled I/O format strings may contain format string vulnerabilities:** Programs written in Perl may contain many of the same types of format string vulnerabilities that programs written in C can contain. [US-CERT VU#946969](#)
- **Exploit for Vulnerability in Microsoft Internet Explorer window() object:** US-CERT is aware of a vulnerability in the way Microsoft Internet Explorer handles requests to the window() object. Source: <http://www.us-cert.gov/current/>
- **Reports of IRS Phishing Emails:** US-CERT has received reports of a phishing email scam that attempts to convince the user that it is from the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) by using a spoofed "From" address of "tax-refunds@irs.gov". Source: <http://www.us-cert.gov/current/>.
- **Trojans target unpatched IE flaw:** Several Trojan horses that exploit an unpatched flaw in Internet Explorer have been discovered. According to Sophos two exploits, Clunky-B and Delf-LT, could allow malicious code to be executed remotely on a user's PC. These Trojans could "download anything, including a 'banker Trojan' that gives up your bank details." Source: <http://news.zdnet.co.uk/0,39020330,39240189,00.htm>
- **November breaks all malware records:** According to the antivirus firm, Sophos, November was the worst month for malware since records began in the mid-1980s. They detected 1,940 new pieces of malware in the past month, and have seen a 48 per cent increase in threats over the year. Source: <http://www.vnunet.com/vnunet/news/2147200/november-biggest-ever-malware>
- **Holiday spam could reach one billion emails:** According to email security vendor, MailFrontier, the number of spam and phishing messages could top 1 billion this Christmas. Last year 750 million emails were sent over the Christmas period, with both bogus sales offers and phishing attacks. Source: <http://www.vnunet.com/vnunet/news/2147012/holiday-spam-reach-billion>.
- **IT spending overtaken by compliance issues:** According to Gartner, money spent on IT to ensure compliance with regulations will outweigh money spent on new technologies. The research, which assessed trends that will impact people, business and the IT industry, found that this pattern will continue through until 2010, with regulatory compliance IT spending growing at twice the rate of general IT spending. Source: <http://www.vnunet.com/crn/news/2147155/spending-overtaken-compliance>.
- **Cyber criminals gather on forgotten Web sites:** According to security experts, cyber criminals selling programs to hack into computers and stolen bank account numbers are moving to abandoned Web sites where their activities are harder to track. Dormant Web sites no longer monitored by administrators have in effect created hundreds of online bazaars for criminals. Source: <http://www.msnbc.msn.com/id/10284366/from/RSS/>.

[\[back to top\]](#)

## Viruses/Trojans

## Top Ten Virus Threats

A list of high threat viruses, as reported to various anti-virus vendors and virus incident reporting organizations, has been ranked and categorized in the table below. For the purposes of collecting and collating data, infections involving multiple systems at a single location are considered a single infection. It is therefore possible that a virus has infected hundreds of machines but has only been counted once. With the number of viruses that appear each month, it is possible that a new virus will become widely distributed before the next edition of this publication. To limit the possibility of infection, readers are reminded to update their anti-virus packages as soon as updates become available. The table lists the viruses by ranking (number of sites affected), common virus name, type of virus code (i.e., boot, file, macro, multi-partite, script), trends (based on number of infections reported since last week), and approximate date first found.

Rank	Common Name	Type of Code	Trend	Date	Description
1	Netsky-P	Win32 Worm	Stable	March 2004	A mass-mailing worm that uses its own SMTP engine to send itself to the email addresses it finds when scanning the hard drives and mapped drives. The worm also tries to spread through various file-sharing programs by copying itself into various shared folders.
2	Netsky-D	Win32 Worm	Slight Increase	March 2004	A simplified variant of the Netsky mass-mailing worm in that it does not contain many of the text strings that were present in NetSky.C and it does not copy itself to shared folders. Netsky.D spreads itself in e-mails as an executable attachment only.
3	Sober-Z	Win32 Worm	New	December 2005	A mass-mailing worm that harvests addresses from infected machines, forges the senders email, and utilizes its own mail engine.
4	Mytob-GH	Win32 Worm	Stable	November 2005	A variant of the mass-mailing worm that disables security related programs and allows other to access the infected system. This version sends itself to email addresses harvested from the system, forging the sender's address.
5	Mytob.C	Win32 Worm	Increase	March 2004	A mass-mailing worm with IRC backdoor functionality which can also infect computers vulnerable to the Windows LSASS (MS04-011) exploit. The worm will attempt to harvest email addresses from the local hard disk by scanning files.
6	Mytob-BE	Win32 Worm	Decrease	June 2005	A slight variant of the mass-mailing worm that utilizes an IRC backdoor, LSASS vulnerability, and email to propagate. Harvesting addresses from the Windows address book, disabling antivirus, and modifying data.
7	Zafi-D	Win32 Worm	Slight Increase	December 2004	A mass-mailing worm that sends itself to email addresses gathered from the infected computer. The worm may also attempt to lower security settings, terminate processes, and open a back door on the compromised computer.
8	Lovgate.w	Win32 Worm	Slight Decrease	April 2004	A mass-mailing worm that propagates via by using MAPI as a reply to messages, by using an internal SMTP, by dropping copies of itself on network shares, and through peer-to-peer networks. Attempts to access all machines in the local area network.
9	Mytob-GH	Win32 Worm	New	December 2005	This email worm turns off anti-virus and opens infected systems to remote connections. It further harvests email addresses from infected machines, and forges the senders address.
10	Zafi-B	Win32 Worm	Slight Decrease	June 2004	A mass-mailing worm that spreads via e-mail using several different languages, including English, Hungarian and Russian. When executed, the worm makes two copies of itself in the %System% directory with randomly generated file names.

Table updated December 5, 2005

[\[back to top\]](#)

Last updated December 08, 2005